THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13, 1870. [VOLUME II--NUMBER 253

EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, APRIL 12.

ATLANTA PRICE-CURRENT.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, April 12, 3 o'clock, P. M.

General activity prevailed throughout the city this morning, at unchanged quotations.

The tendency in corn and meats is upward.

There is a lively demand for fertilizers and garden seeds to-day.

COTTON—Receipts light. Market active at the following prices: Middlings 21; low middlings 20; good ordinary 19; ordinary 18.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 12; selling at 1 15. Silver buying at 1 08; selling at 1 12. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GRAIN.—Corn in good demand at 1 25 by the car load, at the depot; 1 27@1 28 in small lots. Wheat 1 40@1 45 for prime red; 1 45@1 50 for prime white. Oats in good demand, at 80, by the car load, 85 in small lots. Rye, 1 25.

BACON—Fair stock on hand, prices stiffer; clear sides 18; clear rib sides 17½; shoulders 13½; plain hams 18@20; canvased 20@22.

LARD—Barrels 17½@18; kegs and cans 19@19½.

BULK MEATS—Clear sides 18½; clear rib sides 16½@16; shoulders 12; hams 17½@18.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 25 by car load, 1 30 in small lots. Rice, 7½c, tierces. Soap, 7@9c. Candles, adamantine, 15½@16c; tallow 12@15c. A. Sugar, 16c; Extra C, 15; Yellow, C, 12@13; Brown, 14@14½. Rio Coffee, 20@24; Java, 35@38c. Beeswax, 33@34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup, 75@1 00. Molasses, barrels, 48. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 16c; Factory, 20@21c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 40@45c; Tennessee, 25@30. Apples 7 00@10 00 per bbl. Eating potatoes 2 75@3 50 per bbl; planting 5 00@6 00. Eggs, 25c per doz. by the lot. Venison Hams 16@18c per lb.

DRIED FRUIT.—Peeled Peaches 9@11c; not peeled 5@6c; Apples 5@6.

TOBACCO.—Low grades, sound medium, summer work, 65. Stock small. Low grade, winter work (won't stand May sweat) 60@63½; fine 50@1 00; choice 1 25; leaf 20.

FLOUR.—Superfine per bbl, 6 00@6 25; extra 6 50@7 00; family 7 00@7 50; fancy 8 00@8 50.

COW FEED.—Peas, 2 75; pea meal, none; oil meal, 4 50@5 00 per bbl, 200 lbs; bran, 1 75 per 100 lbs; prime hay, 1 70@1 90 per 100 lbs. Kentucky Cow Feed, 1 00 per bushel. Stock meal 1 00 per bushel. Baled shucks 2 00 per 100 lbs.

HOGS AND LIVE CATTLE.—Live shotes, 6½@7½, owing to size; stock fair; no demand. Live cattle on foot, choice 5@5½; common 3½@4c gross. Stock light.

HARDWARE.—Swedes iron, 8@9; horse shoe, 7@8; round and square, 8@10; City Mills bar, 5@6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10@12; band, 7@8; Nails, 4s to 6d, 5 75; 3s, common, 6 75; 3s, fine, 8 75. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 26@28c; German, 18@20.

FERTILIZERS.—Dickson's Compound, 60 00 per ton; Soluble Pacific 72 50; Acid Phosphate of Lime 52 50; Wilson's Ammoniated Super Phosphate Lime, 65 00@70 00 cash, 75 00 time; Virgin Land Plaster 22 50; Baugh's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70 00; Coe's Sup. Phos. 75 00; Ground Bone 65 00; Willingham Fertilizer 65 00 cash, 75 00 time; Whann's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70 00 cash; Ruth's Challenge Sup. Phos. 75 00; Chesapeake Guano 75 00 cash, 85 00 time; Georgia Fertilizer 70 00 cash, 80 00 time. Oakley Mills Flour of Rawbone (at mills,) 75 00; pure Dissolved Bone (at mills,) 75 00. Sea Fowl Guano, 72 50; Edwan No. 1, 62; No. 2, 72 00; Peruvian Guano 100 00; Rhodes' Superphosphate 67 50; Mape's superphosphate 70 00; Zell's Superphosphate 70 00; Berger & Butts' Excelsior Superphosphate of Lime 70 00

DRY GOODS.—Ellens 11; Sprague, 10; Pacific 11; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 7 3-4; Amoskeag, 9 1-2. Ticking, Pittsfield, 12; Croton, 12; Albany, 12; Eastern B, 18; Amoskeag D, 23; Hamilton, 32; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A 4-4, 25. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6½.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Shirtings, 7-8, 12½; B. Shirting 3-4, 10a4-4, 14½; Bleached shirting, 7-8, 7a9½; Bleached shirting, 7-8, 11½a14½; Brown drills, 15; Bleached Drills, 15½; Stripes, 16½a18½; Checks, 18½a19; Montour Osnaburgs, 19½; Troup, 20½a21; Yarns, 1 50a3 00.

LIQUOR MARKET—Whisky, rectified, 1 25 al 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a2 00; Robinon County, 2 00@3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50@3 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00@6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00@6 00; Holland Gin, 1 50@6 00; Scotch, 3 50@4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50@12 00.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime, 50c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 5 00 per barrel, James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

LUMBER.—All classes of framing lumber bring readily 20 00 per M; all pine (green) 22 00 per M; weather boarding, 22 50; flooring, tongued and grooved, 32 50; shingles, pine, drawed, 3 00 per M; sawed, 5 75 a6 00 per M; white oak wagon timber, 30 00 per M; walnut, 80 00.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 23a30; French calf skins, 36 00a60 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a35 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; linings kins, (sheep), 4 50@9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry salted, 15a16c; dry flint, 16a18c.

BAGGING AND ROPE—India and Borneo bagging, 22a30c; Kentucky, 20a25. Machine made rope, 8½c; hand made, 8c.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bi-carb soda 7a8 per lb. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 3a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 30a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 5 75a4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a5 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do. boiled, 1 35a1 40; Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a1 90; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Neatsfoot, 45a50c; Petro, 40; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 5 00a6 00. White lead, per lb., 11½a15; do. pure, 16½.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 00; buck, 3 25.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, April 12.—Stocks unsettled. Exchange—long 9½; short 9¾. Gold 13¼. Bonds 11½. Money easy at 6@7. Tennessee sixes, ex-coupons 59½; new 53¾. Virginia sixes, ex-coupons 70¾; new 69. Louisiana old 76; new 72½. Levee sixes 76½; eights, 92. Alabama eights 97¾; fives 80. Georgia sixes 85; 7s, 93. North Carolinas, old 46¾; new 22. South Carolinas old, 87; new 91.

Flour dull and drooping. Wheat dull, and nominally lower. Corn dull and heavy. Mess pork quiet at 27 75@28. Lard quiet at 13¼a13¾. Turpentine quiet at 47a47½. Cotton easier; uplands 23a23¾; Orleans 23¾.

LIVERPOOL, April 12, noon.—Cotton dull; uplands 11¾; Orleans 11¾; sales 8,000 bales.

LATER.—Cotton unchanged. Twin fabrics at Manchester quiet. Red western wheat 7s 8d@7s 9d; red winter 8s 10d@8s 2d. Corn 30s 6d. Pork 94s.

LONDON, April 12, noon.—Consols 93¾. Bonds 93¾. Sugar nominal, owing to the proposed reduction of tariff.

LATER.—Consols 94¼a95. Rosin quiet and steady. Sugar, Dutch standard, on the spot, 28s 6da30s; afloat 29s 6da30s.

PARIS, April 12.—Bourse firm; Rentes 72f. 75c.

HAVRE, April 12.—Cotton quiet.

The Emperor reviewed the troops at Paris on Cavrousel.

Lyons Mangouil, the candidate of the party of Left, is elected.

OUR NASHVILLE LETTER.

Divers Things—Murfreesboro—Nashville and her Merchants.

CITY HOTEL, NASHVILLE, TENN., April 7, 1870.

Editor Constitution: I had quite a pleasant ride over the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad, and once met a conductor who felt that to be polite and agreeable, did not detract from his dignity nor interfere with the discharge of his duty—I shall not soon forget Captain Beecker, the gentlemanly conductor. I was not prepared to see the the farming operations along the line of the road so backward—much of the finest land yet unplowed, but few laborers apparently at work. I noticed also, that mules and horses seemed to be in poor condition, looking much thinner than Georgia farm stock.

The brakeman's shrill cry of Murfreesboro, awoke me from a pleasant nap—the car stopped, and we were at Murfreesboro, the dinner house on that road—it was the first time I had been to the town, since the day that made the name historic. I did not partake of the dinner, but spent the twenty minutes walking around in the vicinity of the depot—each familiar place, every road I saw, had to me THistory. There was the house where E. and myself had once taken dinner, but where was my then comrade in arms who fell, poor fellow, at the head of his company in the battle of Murfreesborough. Others associated with the place, I remembered as having yielded up their lives upon other fields. I never pass a field where I saw war in its most appalling form, that I do not fall to thank a good and Merciful Providence that my own dear ones were not reduced to widowhood and orphanage. Dinner over and the car is again in motion, and at 1 20 we reach Nashville. I was never in the city before, though I came in sight once, but taking the blues I became home sick and went back to Georgia.

In many respects I was agreeably disappointed in Nashville. It is much larger and has more business than I expected to see. The Nashville merchants have much in store that one people need, and I think would buy, if proper efforts were made. I was in a wholesale house to-day, and examined with the proprietor about business and other things. He told me that he had been in the wholesale business three years and had never had, in all that time, an advertisement in a newspaper, except for thirty days, and that simply to announce a change of location from one part of the city to another. We compared notes politically. He thought we down in Georgia ought to be getting along first-rate, now that we had a full representation in Congress.

There are many active, thorough business men here, and in some future note I will mention some of their names, and thank them for kindness received. Next fall I imagine THE CONSTITUTION will be able to let the people of Georgia know something of Nashville's business and business men.

I have at last found a clever man who can keep a hotel. Having been something of a traveler, I think I am capable of judging of the merits, if not of keeping, a hotel, and, without fear of contradiction, pronounce the City Hotel of this place one of the best kept houses it was ever my good fortune to stop at—perfect in every department—the rooms and beds are faultless, and just what a tired traveler desires—the table supplied with a superabundance of food, so elegantly prepared that the most fastidious palate could not complain—service plenty and attentive—the clerks are gentlemanly and polite—the proprietor, Col. Baker, is known to many of the old army of Tennessee, as the veteran Colonel of one of the Tennessee regiments under Gen. Cheatham.

To my friends and any of your readers who may be chancing to go to Nashville, I give no better advice for their comfort than advise them to stop at the City Hotel. I am under obligations to the gentlemanly clerks of the Union.

I leave to-morrow morning for Louisville. Respectfully, H.

Georgia News.

W. T. Lightfoot, one of Macon's best citizens, was buried on the 9th.

The Macon Journal states that native gold was found in blasting rock for the new bridge. The fishing season has set in.

The Savannah papers convey the sad intelligence of the death of two good citizens and clever gentlemen—Charles E. O'Sullivan and John C. Ferrell.

The Savannah News announces interesting revivals at the Methodist Churches of that city. The first strawberries of the season received from the Jasper Spring Farm.

The Macon Telegraph says that Reynolds' menagerie and caravan is united. 47 mules and horses and eight wagons were sold at auction. The mules and horses brought $4,950 50, and the wagons $413 09. The caged animals, elephant and camels were shipped North.

The Editor of the Air-Line Eagle, on the 7th, passed over two miles of the Air-Line Railroad, from the present terminus, half a mile South of Gainesville, to Fiat Creek. Thirty thousand spindles, several foundries and machine shops, requiring thousands of hands, will be called into requisition within five years after the completion of this great national thoroughfare.

A New Boundary Question Between the United States and Canada.

[From the Toronto Telegraph, 6th.]

According to the report of Colonel Dennis, with respect to his surveying operations in the Northwest, a serious mistake was made by some former surveyors in defining the boundary line. The observations of the Colonel at Pembina resulted in his placing the line two hundred and four feet north of the line laid down several years ago, by Captain (now General) Pope, of the United States army. A belt, two hundred and four feet wide, extending right across the continent, embraces land enough to be worth looking after. But a more important matter still is mentioned by the report. Col. Dennis says that, though he started his line 204 feet further north than Capt. Pope's, after running ten miles west, the two lines crossed each other. From this it is evident that either Pope or Dennis—or probably both—made mistakes in either their observations or calculations. Dennis says the line he took was the 49th parallel, and Pope's line has been generally accepted as the 49th parallel. Yet, in the distance of ten miles, these lines cross each other.

As as "Provincial Land Surveyor" says in another column, "the consequence would be that, in a distance of 1,000 miles, the Colonel would be into American territory about four miles, or Captain Pope would be into our territory about the same number of miles." One of them must be sadly astray in his reckonings. This is a matter of too much importance to be neglected. The first thing to be done on our obtaining possession of the country, is to find the precise position of the forty-fifth parallel, and to mark it out across the continent at once, in order to avoid mistakes and misunderstandings in the future. In settling this question the co-operation of the American government will be necessary. As our correspondent suggests, a commission composed of thoroughly competent and reliable persons will have to be appointed. Pope's parallel must be a very peculiar parallel indeed, if as Colonel Dennis states, it runs partly north and partly south as well as east and west.

FIGURES.—Dr. Hopkins, of Utica, N. Y., has collected with great care and published statistics concerning the government of the cities of America. The following is a most startling character. Taking New York city as the base, the figures show that the increase of property in that city in ten years was 100 per cent; in Boston, 75 per cent; in Philadelphia, 50 per cent; in Chicago, 300 per cent; in Brooklyn, 150 per cent; in Cincinnati, 50 per cent; in St. Louis, 75 per cent. These figures suggest a state of affairs which challenges the grave consideration of legislators and members of society.

Inflation Everywhere.

A new era of inflation and wild speculation appears to have dawned upon the world; a fresh mania for thinking one's self rich by writing fabulous sums on sheets of paper, and getting unearned purchasement. The world is wild for paper wealth. With us Congress has fairly set the ball a rolling. The various resolutions recently introduced, looking to an increase of the currency, are but a sop thrown to the West to gain their consent to Eastern schemes of railroad grants and steamship subsidies. Grand plans for government aid to every helpless enterprise are all the order of the day. Steamship lines east, steamship lines west, Darien canals, and Tehuantepec canals, the Erie Canal to be bought by Congress, Pacific railroad lines by the dozen, and what not. Specie payments are whistled down the wind. Who can help laughing at Mr. Boutwell and his bond purchases, and his sinking fund, and his gold sales? A million or two of debt canceled every month by dint of penurious economy, and here are hundreds of millions proposed to be added in the twinkling of an eye.

The newspapers teem with wide-spread advertisements of a thousand and one new issues of bonds and securities, all intended to be sunk—yes, that is the expression—sunk in railroads and other improvements, that are not likely to pay for the next twenty years. Ship-loads of the same stuff go over to Europe week after week, and are taken up there greedily by thousands of thoughtless people, who don't know what to do with their money. Honest financial enterprises obtain subscriptions to twenty times the amount of capital they require, and every wretched fraud and swindle, if cleverly introduced, draws the cash out of people's pockets by hundreds of thousands. American enterprises, in the shape of beautifully engraved bonds amply secured by a first mortgage upon themselves, are in Europe just now. But they are not the only ones.

Not only from here, but from South America and India, from Russia, Turkey and Egypt, great flights of these innumerable paper birds are wending their endless way to the so-called money centres of Germany, Holland, England and France. It is popularly supposed that each of these paper birds will lay a long series of the most beautiful golden eggs. But it is a delusion, as the purchasers will soon discover to their cost. Just now the air is white with the paper birds. In the brisk wind of universal inflation, every kite will fly for a little while. But even universal inflation can not raise the wind forever. We fancy that the time is near when it will be exhausted. Shortly, therefore the white birds will cover the ground as with snow, and then, after this last paroxysm, the world will probably settle down once more to a period of steady, sober, plodding honesty, such as just now are rather held in contempt than otherwise.—*Free Trader.*

Dry Goods.

The week under review has been rather a quiet one. A fair amount of goods have been distributed to the trade, at current rates, but probably much less than was anticipated. The weather has been unfavorable to business. A large portion of the time the heavy rains and high winds made it very unpleasant for pedestrians. These storms have had a depressing effect on trade generally. The unsettled state of the national finances is still having an injurious effect on business. Notwithstanding some descriptions of goods are comparatively cheap, and are selling below the cost of production, others are still held above their value. This last remark will apply with special force to some makes of fine shirtings, and also to some kinds of prints. But, generally speaking, these goods are now selling as low as the cost of manufacturing will warrant. This inequality in prices retards trade. Some buyers, in comparing these goods, conclude that further reductions will be made.

By a careful examination of the matter, however, it will be found that most of the agents and manufacturers have already met the views of buyers to the full extent of their ability. With proper consideration on the part of the latter class in making their selections, they can obtain a supply of such goods as will give entire satisfaction to their customers, and at a less price than is demanded by the monopolists of special brands.

In dress goods there has been a fair business done, considering the advanced stage of the season. The display of fine goods is equal to, and in many respects better than any ever offered before in this market, and at prices much below those of last year. In medium and common grades the stock is large and well assorted. In white goods the demand shows a little improvement, while the trade in notions and fancy goods is barely steady. In shawls there is a little better feeling.

The variety in spring and summer shawls is large. For fineness of wool, style, and combination of colors, some of the manufacturers have far surpassed their former productions. Woolen goods, of most descriptions, move slowly, and at irregular prices. This is especially the case with heavy cloths and cassimeres. For this class of goods the market is remarkably dull. For light fancy cassimeres of good styles there is a better inquiry from the city trade. There has been an overstock of cloths all winter, and a very depressed and unsatisfactory trade, while many leaves to agents and manufacturers. Prices for all kinds of cloths are nominal, and holders are anxious to sell most grades at greatly reduced rates.

PRINTS—The market has been quiet the past week, although a moderately fair trade has been done in the better grades, at regular prices. The only important change is the reduction in Pacifics to 11½c. A few poor and flashy styles of Wamsuttas and Bedfords have been offered at 6½c, but were not sought after. Dunnell's and Merrimack D's are still held at 12c, but they are selling only to a limited extent, as the price is high as compared with other leading Prints. At present most makes are firmly held at our quotations, for which see list.—*New York Mercantile Journal.*

Peace and Good Temper at the South.

To the Editor of the Journal of Commerce: Having but recently returned from a somewhat extended trip through the Southern States, via the Mississippi valley to New Orleans and Texas, returning via Alabama, Georgia, and the Carolinas, I wish to bear decided testimony to the general good temper and feeling of the Southern people of all conditions, as I have met them in their various walks of life. More especially do I desire to express those opinions on account of the determined efforts of the extremists and office-holders of the States mentioned to misrepresent the real sentiment and condition of affairs, and to exaggerate slight troubles, so that through their colleagues in partisanship at Washington they may be enabled to keep control of State governments with the consent of the merest fragment of the tax-paying population and the produce of their States.

In the Legislatures of Louisiana (speaking from personal observation) and of the Carolinas and other States, (judging from reliable information,) I would say that there is no representation of the property of the States nor of the real intelligence of the people; but the rule is in the hands of ruling composed of ignorant blacks and of native whites who, from their utter insignificance, were never before in any position of importance, and of imported whites from the North, who came in on the tidal wave of war, and when this receded, remained where the tide left them, and, like other objects, mostly filthy quite at best color attaching to them.

I need scarcely say that I had no sympathy with recently armed rebellion, or the so-called Confederacy.

At the present time I am satisfied that there is in full a disposition, to obey the laws and to live in peace and harmony with

societies are never touched by some of the newspapers.

The mass of the Southern people seem to have no political ambition and only desire to wield sufficient local power to be able to protect their property and families. They have but little more confidence in the Democracy of the Northern cities than in the Radicalism of their States and of Washington.

I will only add that if our Washington rulers can not be sufficiently far-seeing and high minded to be just and generous to the South for the sake of justice; they should still show liberality and friendship towards that section for the sake of the reflex influence upon the North and thus promote the interests of all.

New York, March 31, 1870. S. G. B.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

The Howard Case.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Able lawyers are retained by either party in the "Bureau Howard" corruption investigation case.

Colfax's Boy.

Colfax has a boy baby. [Bully! for Colfax; we were not expecting this amendment.]

The Reconstruction Committee heard Senter finally this morning. His evidence and statements satisfy neither party. He suggests nothing but that Federal soldiers be placed under his control, wherewith he promises to maintain peace.

Congressional.

After a stubborn resistance on the part of Mr. Schenck, the House postponed the tariff and took up the case of Hunt vs. Sheldon, from Louisiana. A spirited debate is in progression.

In the Senate the bill restoring the Washington relics to Mrs. Custis Lee, which passed the House, was referred to the Senate Military Committee.

The Senate Committee on Commerce, agreed to report in favor of directing the Secretary of War, to survey a route for the James River and Kanawha Canal.

The President signed the bill removing of Shober's disabilities. He will now be seated as a member from North Carolina.

ST. LOUIS, April 12.—Dwight Dunker has been appointed City Treasurer, vice defaulter Luzsky.

Robberies.

Adolph Kroeger was arrested charged with robbing the City Treasury of twenty thousand dollars.

A quartermaster's train camped at Bluff Creek lost one hundred and thirty-nine animals on March 8th. The robbers are supposed to be whites disguised as Indians.

Elections.

CINCINNATI, April 12.—The election in Montgomery county was decided against the Republicans, because the inmates of the Soldiers' Home, who were not citizens, were allowed to vote.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, April 12.—In the Corps Legislatif yesterday, Jules Favre regretted the resignation of Bouffet, who showed a disposition to stand by the prerogatives of the Chamber. Segris in replying described Bouffet as the defender of Republicanism but an enemy to liberty. The proceedings created much excitement.

Ollivier in addressing the Chamber was interrupted by the cries of "You mad promises." During his speech he expressed the opinion that the nation could vote on plebiscitum.

☞ See Fourth Page.

THE RAILROAD BABY.

Startling Denouement on the Michigan Southern Road.

From the Chicago Times.]

The express passenger train over the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana railroad, which left Adrian on Saturday morning, for this city, was in charge of Mr. C. Baker, a conductor probably as well known as any man on the road. Among the many passengers who started from Adrian was a comely looking young woman, who carried in her arms a baby of the female gender. In due course of time, Baker passed through his train, taking up tickets here, collecting money there, and recognizing a "dead-head" with a familiar nod yonder. When arrived at the seat where sat this woman, he collected her fare—and it is stated that her actions seemed to indicate surprise at the proceeding—and passed on to another coach.

When the train arrived at Hudson the woman stepped off the cars, but very singularly left the baby lying on the seat. Several passengers noticed this, but supposed she would speedily return. Imagine their astonishment when the whistle sounded for "off breakers," the bell rang, a sudden jerk, the train was rapidly moving, but the mother was left at Hudson.

Search was at once instituted for Mr. Baker. "For, of course," said these unsophisticated travelers, "the conductor will back up the train, and convey back the forgotten infant."

Presently he was found, the sleeping baby was pointed out to him, and he was urged to back the train. This was his reply: "Couldn't think of it; behind time now; much as my place is worth to do anything of the kind; will put the little devil in good hands at the next station!" Baker also gave it as his opinion that the infant had been purposely abandoned, and recommended raising a purse for its benefit. The idea was a good one, and reflected credit upon the magnanimous conductor. A subscription paper was soon in circulation, and Baker's was the first name down.

By the time Pittsford was reached the matter had been settled, and, with one hand full of money and the baby in the other, the conductor stepped into the depot, told the circumstances, described the appearance of the woman, and left the baby and money in the hands of a good man, who promised to find the mother as soon as possible.

And now comes the most mysterious part of this singular affair. The man at Pittsford started forthwith to Hudson, where he put himself in communication with an officer. Together they searched the town. They found the woman and forthwith arrested her. But when taken before the Justice of the Peace, she told a story which showed that the little innocent had not been left on the train without a natural guardian to care for it. When this story came to the ears of an old lady living in South Bend, who was on the train, she remarked:

"Well, now, I thought that 'ere baby was a picter of that good-looking conductor man."

☞ The result of the Connecticut election is a stinging reproof of the Administration. It is a crushing indictment of the policy of malice which so long age obtained with reference to the South; and of that other policy of prodigiuny whose result has been the grinding of the masses that the rich may grow richer and the poor poorer. The Radicals of Connecticut, instead of liberalising with the tendency of the times, indorsed every turning of the thumb-screw beneath which the South was being ground to powder; and they opposed every scheme for a reduction of taxation and the diffusion of the benefits of the Government to others than those who run in their own narrow groove.

The people has come early, and its force and meaning can not be ignored. It says to the dominant party in Congress: "Hands off the South." And it says to the dominant party: "Hands off the people's pockets." It says that the era is over; that power has come; and with it must come the legislation of peace. The Connecticut Democracy has left the rots of old Seymour. It has planted itself on New Issues, and appeals to the people. And it is to be with those who recognize that to-day is good yesterday was, follow deadest with deadest.

It will be only because the opposition to Radicalism is literally stupid if the party now controlling this country succeeds to the White House and Congress next fall. Nothing can prevent it but the most corruption charges against the Democratic party. Nothing which we have seen of it in the North, and from the reports of its conventions, would justify such charges. But the dominant and corrupt party of the country will have to be met by the Democracy, or there will be no opposition party worthy the name.

FOR

VARIOUS REASONS,

WHICH are well known to many of our readers, I. T. Banks gives better bargains for CASH in Leather and Shoe Findings, Boots and Shoes than can be had elsewhere on a credit, and all persons who wish these articles of

FOR

THE BEST

Material and Workmanship and at the same time have the largest variety to select from, may be sure they

CAN BE FOUND

—AT—

I. T. BANKS',

66 Whitehall Street.

feb18 [sept15]

TO THE MERCHANTS OF ATLANTA.

The Atlantic and Gulf

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER

LINE!

STARTING from Savannah connects at Jesup by rail with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, at Macon with the Macon and Western Railroad, and at Atlanta with the various Roads diverging from this city, forming an unbroken line from the seaboard to all points in Middle and Upper Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee.

☞ EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS RUN THROUGH DAILY FROM SAVANNAH. ☜

NO BREAKAGE OF BULK.

Through rates given and Bills of Lading signed from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Savannah, at the very lowest published rates. If Quick Time, Low Rates, and Prompt Settlements for loss or damage occurring on the line, constitute a claim to your patronage, then instruct your correspondents to ship "Care of Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Agent, Savannah, Ga." Call on Mr. H. P. CLARK, Agent of the Macon and Western Railroad, for the latest published Tariff of Rates and Classification of Freights, to Atlanta.

The General Agent cordially invites his Atlanta friends who may visit New York, to call at the office of the Line—they will find a desk at their service and Atlanta papers on file.

C. O. OWENS, Gen'l Ag't,
229 Broadway, cor. Barclay st.
Post office address, Box 5263.
feb21-tf New York, February 1, 1870.

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

J. S. OLIVER,

200.000 LBS. Bulk Meats.

HAMS, Sides and Shoulders.

5,000 LBS. Jowls and Pates.

2,000 LBS. Well Trimmed Smoked Hams.

200 Cans Choice Leaf Lard.

Corn, Oats, Flour,

AND HAY.

HOWARD Kills Lime.

For Sale Low by

J. S. OLIVER.

Corner Alabama and Forsyth Streets,

feb26-d3m Atlanta, Ga.

Early Cotton Seed.

WE have a few Bushels of the original "Boyd Prolific" Cotton Seed for sale. These seed have been carefully selected for Ten Years by Dr. Hunter, and the past season the entire crop yielded one bale of Lint to every two and seven-tenths pounds of Seed Cotton.

Prices reasonable. Apply soon, to

jan26-3tf McDANIEL & STRONG, Atlanta, Ga.

J. Watkins Bacon, late W. Bullock, late of Perryville.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

HAS JUST BEEN REFITTED.

Centrally located.

feb12-3tf

30,000 FEET OF

Walnut, Poplar, Pine, Oak,

SYCAMORE,

AND 50 POSTS, in any quantities, which we must be sold, and dry, for which the highest cash prices will be paid at

WALTON & CO.'S CABINET FACTORY.

Small quantities will be received.

Baltimore Notices.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR

SAW MILLS,

Also Stationary and Portable

Steam Engines, &c.

No. 5 Schroeder Street.

BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ Send for Catalogues and Price-Lists.

sept8-1y

Cushings & Bailey,

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

203 Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

The largest and best assorted Stock in the City, of

SCHOOL, LAW, MEDICAL, DENTAL,

CLASSICAL,

—AND—

Miscellaneous Books.

☞ General Bank and Counting House Stationery of all kinds.

☞ Blank Books made to order in any style of Binding and Ruling.

mar1-3m&w3m

THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Sourness of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowliness of Spirits, Colic

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is soo permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., Dec. 2, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga.

Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I know of no combination or preparation equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and would cordially recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

I am, truly and respectfully,

T. J. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

WEST POINT, GA., Oct. 15, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER: Gentlemen—I can honestly and confidently recommend L. B. Abbett's Liver or Dyspeptic Medicine as a preparation you, as the proprietors of the article, are entitled to. Having used this Medicine myself in my family for twenty years, I can highly recommend it for removing Bile or Biliousness from the stomach, caused by indigestion. It also has a happy effect in removing constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. With my best wishes to you in introducing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain, Yours, truly, A. K. KENDRICK.

For sale by all the Druggists in Atlanta, and by Druggists everywhere.

CRAWFORD & WALKER, Props.,
nov24-d1y West Point, Ga.

HARDWARE

AT

Wholesale and Retail

TOMMEY

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS OFFERED

&

OUR STOCK IS LARGE

STEWART.

and varied. It consists of everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store.

TOMMEY & STEWART,
sept6-d1y Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Gilham's Cotton Fertiliser.

I HAVE a few TONS of this excellent Fertiliser for sale. Read the following:

"ATLANTA, CHEROKEE CO., GA., Oct. 26, 1869.

"DEAR SIR: I have used, this year, 2 tons of Gilham's Cotton Fertiliser. My crop proves conclusively that Gilham's is superior to all others, and it has paid well, notwithstanding the dry season. Truly,

"ALFRED BATTLE."

I can recommend this Fertiliser to all who desire to make large yields of Cotton.

JNO. W. JOHNSON.

Dealer in Groceries, Seeds, Flours, and Hardware's Bone Preparations.

oct31-d1f Atlanta, Ga.

TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

THE undersigned, Commissioner on the part of the CHEROKEE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Atlanta, respectfully solicits from the citizens of Atlanta a portion of your patronage.

Having had many years experience, and ever since our city was burned, prior to the late war, in the business of Insurance, both in the city and country, I feel confident that I can give satisfaction, both in rates and promptness of payment of losses.

I will be found at my office, on Whitehall street, next door to the Atlanta Bank, DAY AND NIGHT, and respectfully solicit a call and examination of the principles of our Company.

R. A. BOUTELL, Commissioner.

Headquarters corner Broad and Walton Streets.

sept27-3m

PROPOSALS

For the Partial Construction of an

ASYLUM,

WILL be received by the Executive Committee of the Asylum (Cyprus Asylum) until the 1st day of May, 1870, for the partial construction of the Asylum, according to plans and specifications which may be seen at the office of the Secretary of the Executive Committee, in Atlanta, Ga.

Liberal Terms Offered to the Trade.

Wagons Constructed, Wood Letters for Signs the shortest notice, and Horse Shoeing done in the best manner.

Works, Rear Trout's Hotel, near the Macon Depot.

McPherson Reynolds.

WARE-ROOMS—HATS & GARRETTS old stand, one door south of Trout House, Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

All kinds of Leather and Findings constantly on hand.

Savannah Notices.

GEO. A. H. COLQUITT. JAMES BAGGS. H. H. COLQUITT.

COLQUITT & BAGGS,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Bay Street, Savannah, Ga.

BULK MEAT, CORN, HAY, ETC.

50,000 Lbs Bulk Meat.
5,000 Lbs. Lard.
500 Lbs. Wheat Bran.
100 Bales of Hay.
500 Barrels Flour.
500 Sacks and half Sacks Flour.
600 Bushels Corn.
25 Barrels Potatoes.
20 Barrels Roast Potatoes.
For Sale low for Cash by
CHARLES F. BENSON,
Provision and Produce Com. Merchant,
jan8-d3f Forsyth st., near St. ice House.

MARIETTA PAPER

MILL.

WE ARE AGENTS

For the above Mills.

We keep constantly on hand a large ck of Printing Paper, of all sizes for Newspapers. Also, Wrapping Paper for sale at Manufacturers' prices.

OLIVER & WADDAIL, Agents,
feb26-d1m Cor. Alabama and Forsyth Sts.

Thos. H. Pitts. Dennis Johnson.

Pitts & Johnson,

GENERAL

Commission Merchants

—AND—

PURCHASING AGENTS

15 South Commercial Street,

feb18-d3m ST. LOUIS, MO.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS

AND

MILLINERS.

HILL & KETCHAM,

267 Canal Street, New York.

INVITE the attention of the Southern trade to their complete assortment of

STRAWGOODS,

and all articles in the Millinery line, consisting of Straw, Silk and Velvet Hats, Sundowns, Straw Cords and Tassels, Flowers, and Feathers, Trimmings of all kinds, Bonnet and Hat Frames, etc.

Special attention is given to a line of Trimmed Goods, for country trade. Orders filled with great care. A trial of styles and prices is solicited.

HILL & KETCHAM,
267 Canal Street,
Between Broadway and Earles' Hotel
nov25-d1y

JOHN I. HALL. | JOS. A. COTTEN. | WM. T. WEAVER.

Hall

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY,
THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.
DEFIES REFUTATION.
BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
I. W. AVERY, Editor.
MORNING EDITION.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA, APRIL 13.

☞ Will our cotemporaries who have published the statement relative to the reception given a negro couple at Governor Bullock's residence, and have not published our correction, do so and oblige us.

The Radical Defeat in Connecticut.

The St. Louis Republican says that the Chicago Tribune, in mourning over the Radical defeat in Connecticut, gives its readers glimpses of a great truth. After a bitter fling at the faction in the Senate which delayed the admission of Texas and Georgia, and so lost Governor Jewell the negro vote which he might have had, the Tribune proceeds to remark very sensibly and philosophically, that it is a matter of much more interest to know "what has become of our white voters," and that "after putting together the funding bill, the project for keeping Georgia out of the Union, and the Domingo sell, it is not difficult to accodnt for the defection of enough votes in Connecticut to turn the scale." In other words, the Tribune lays the blame of the disaster upon three of the most prominent features in the recent policy of the administration—an administration, too, which the journal zealously supports. The funding bill, although ostensibly the invention of Senator Sherman, is known to have originated with Secretary Boutwell, and it is to be presumed has the sanction of a majority of the cabinet as well as the president. "Keeping Georgia out of the Union" has the support of a large proportion of Radical Senators, including such shining lights as Revels, Brownlow, Sumner and Drake, and almost as much strength in the House. "The Domingo sell"—irreverent expression!—is the favorite child of President Grant himself, who has urged it from the beginning with an enthusiastic pertinacity which will take no denial. These, then, are the three sins which the Tribune thinks have drawn heaven's vengence upon the heads of the Radical party in Connecticut. They are not merely accidental transgressions, brief lapses from the path of strict virtue liable to occur in the best regulated families, but they are the legitimate results of a certain code of principles which Radicalism has approved and is now engaged in carrying out.

Having assisted materially in the planting and cultivation of the tree, we insist that it is bad taste on the part of our contemporary to complain of the fruits thereof.

Southern Outlets to the Sea

What lungs are to the breathing body, seaports are to the commercial nations; and we are pleased, indeed, to observe that, in the wonderful rehabitation of the South now going on, her leading practical minds are alive to the necessity of creating such serviceable outlets.

Lieutenant Maury, among others, in an admirable letter to a friend discussing the subject of the Norfolk and Great Western Railroad, has set forth excellent arguments which have attracted the attention of European capitalists very generally. In it he demonstrates the enormous advantages to be attained by a hearty co-operation of the inhabitants of the seaboard counties of Virginia and Maryland, in building up a maritime city with such peculiar natural advantages as Norfolk possesses. Only 150 years ago Greenock, in Scotland, had no port, but the canny Scots fraternally agreed to stand a tax of 1s. 4d. on every sack of malt consumed in their breweries, so as to aid the construction of the new seaport. They succeeded in the undertaking, and have given the modern world of commerce one of the most superb works of the kind now in existence. They then chartered English ships to open trade with this country, and the enterprise so rapidly prospered that in less than fifteen years Greenock rose to the very first rank in commercial importance, especially in colonial productions.

A port near Alloway, on the Frith, was then purchased and set in motion by the same intelligent means. It is about twelve miles from Greenock by land, and has peculiar advantages. But, above all, it enabled them to reload vessels with the sugar and tobacco brought from the West Indies, and ship them direct to Holland, Germany, and the Baltic ports without having to send them all the way around the Scottish and English coast, as a glance at the map will instruct our reader.

The impulse thus imparted gave rise to and encouraged manufactures and, among other products, linen began to make its appearance as an important item. Paisley, which had previously been but a poor village, built factories, and became a wealthy centre of vast trade and high refinement. The relative situation and connection of Virginia at large, as a State, and of Petersburg and Norfolk, is compared with that of Western Scotland and Greenock, Glasgow and Paisley. The same spirit of co-operation and temporary self-sacrifice would build up the former, as it has done the latter, to commanding influence. The plaint of the timid and indolent that they can do nothing now is suicidal, for now is the appointed hour. If the region chiefly interested in making Norfolk a great port, and in connecting other seaboard as well as inland towns with it, would, at this time, make a special effort and bear a burthen a little while longer, the recuperation of strength that the immense trade thus opened to them would bring would come to them on so imposing a scale, and so quickly, too, as soon to obliterate the last pecuniary grievances entailed upon them by our civil conflict.

New York, as we have said on former occasions, is thoroughly imbued with too large a metropolitan spirit to regard any supposed rivalry on this continent with other feelings than those of the most serene satisfaction. The prosperity of our country, and of all parts of that country, is our own prosperity; and we have never yet seen the upspringing growth of other sections bringing us aught but increased trade and influence. In the broad and, we think, enlightened views taken by this community, there is not one speck of the provincial taint. The day that beholds our entire Atlantic and Pacific seaboards studded with grand commercial cities, will find New York a richer queen of trade by far than she is now. When Genoa, Leghorn, Pisa, and Ancona were in their prime, Venice attained the acme of her glory; and at this very day, we find the picture reproduced in modern colors. The Italian ports on the Mediterranean, now greater in number by the addition of Spezzia, Naples, Palermo, and Messina, are again rising, and Venice is rising with them.

It is for us, then, with all our hearts, to wish God speed! to the effort made by sagacious sons of the South to build up her ports, and line her coast with ocean steamers; and we sincerely trust that this auspicious opening year of the new decade may see the good work vigorously begun. [*N. Y. Mercantile Journal.*

Breadstuffs in England.

We extract the following from the Mark Lane Express of March 21st, which, while its statements as to prices and stock of breadstuffs in Europe are worthy of credence, evinces the prevailing European ignorance of the causes operating to effect the relative prices of corn and wheat on this side of the Atlantic:

"The past week was divided by winter and spring, the sterner season taking the first choice, so that for the last few days we have had all nature stirring herself to make up for lost time. The opening buds, the verdure of the grass, alike tell the tale, and the Lent corn already sown, will very quickly show itself; but there is a good deal yet to be done, and the heavy rains, should they continue, will be a hindrance to the completion of the work. In France they are much earlier, and write that the work is nearly over. We hear of no general complaints of the wheat plant, which, though small, has yet time to recover, and there is some outcry on the continent, backed by speculation, for a panic of great magnitude; though this is chiefly confined to parts of Germany. The United States write favorably, with calm markets and our late general advance has had its influence in many places. Dantzic and Hungary being again dearer, while our own markets note a full average rise of 1s—some even more. Still the week closed heavily, the suddenness of the change making buyers pause, till they more clearly see how matters are likely to turn; although the base yet being a very low price seems anything but dangerous. As Odessa financial difficulties, brought on by excessive supplies of wheat, for which there was no vent, are likely to have an influence on the high rates which have been ruling there; and if we at once water there will very likely be some forced shipments; but these may be long on the voyage, and see very different markets at Marseilles or London by their arrival. But it is marvellous to note a further rise of two to three cents per bushels on Indian corn at New York, coupled with a decline of two cents on wheat; as this shows that in the New World, as well as the Old, how prone people are to drive on in the ordinary rucks of custom. Nevertheless one would think that the free use of bread by the negroes must greatly increase the demand, especially when there is so much less to pay, and more nutrition as well. "We shall see," as the French have it, and perhaps before long. If some of the French markets still show a rise of 1s per quarter, as well as those of Belgium, Paris has found less activity in flour as well as wheat. In Holland they have been perfectly in calm. Our granaries continue to feel the benefit of lessened arrivals from abroad, there being a constant though gradual outflow into consumption. The arrivals off the coast since March 11 were 63 cargoes, of which 23 cargoes were wheat, 32 maize, 9 barley, 1 rye.

BRUNSWICK AND ALBANY RAILWAY.

Atlanta and Brunswick.

Below we publish an encouraging account, copied from the Seaport Appeal, of the 8th inst., which we are pleased to observe, from the new dress it has donned in a prosperous condition, is of the rapid progress and bright prospects of the Brunswick and Albany Railway, and of the anticipated benefits our ambitious and promising sister city, on the coast, expects to derive from its construction. The well known, acknowledged superior advantages possessed by Brunswick as a seaport, and a natural one for Atlanta, just as Atlanta is the natural grain and provision market of Brunswick—must, when this road is completed to Eufaula, *as it is said it will be next year*, make Brunswick the seaport of the South Atlantic coast. But great as will be the benefits arising from its completion to Eufaula, by connecting it with Montgomery and Selma, and through those cities with North Alabama, they will be largely augmented when the Vicksburg and Brunswick Road, from Eufaula, via. Greenville, Alabama, (on the Mobile and Montgomery Railway, about forty miles below Montgomery) to Meridian, Miss., is built.

We learn it is the determination of this Company to begin that road at once, and push it through to completion at the earliest possible day.

It is gratifying to know that Brunswick is at last about to advance to the commanding commercial position to which her unsurpassed natural advantages entitle her And we are glad, also, to perceive this indication that she is about to overcome, as one, our gallant and prosperous city has triumphantly done, the obstacles thrown in her way by jealous rivals, and make a rapid, onward, prosperous movement.

The interests of Brunswick and Atlanta are as nearly identical as it is possible for inland and seaport cities to be. There is no cause for, and there can not be jealousy between them; no rivalry, except that produced by emulation—each "provoking" the other "to good works," and efforts to extend their own business relations, and increase of the commercial powers and influence of the State.

We are truly proud to know, further, that Brunswick and her road numbers among the staunchest promoters of their interests and progress, some of the most enterprising and energetic of our citizens.

We hail with pleasure the future good results to both cities this cordiality and harmonious action so certainly promise:

THE BRUNSWICK AND ALBANY RAILROAD.

This enterprise, whose importance to a very extensive portion of the cotton-producing region of the South (and especially to Georgia) can not be overestimated, is being constructed in the most substantial manner, with an energy and rapidity rarely equalled. It is a source of pride and gratification to know that it is the determination of the stockholders and contractors, and more particularly of the able General Superintendent, to make the Brunswick and Albany the *model railway* of Georgia. Although the portion now completed and operated for construction purposes is superior to any other we know of in the State, it is the purpose of Colonel Hulbert to make it better than it is.

Over fifty miles of rail have been laid, and several thousand tons are now piled on the wharves, and alongside the track in the city which, at an early day, will be sent forward and put down. If no unpropitious weather intervenes it is expected the line will reach, and be in working order, to the Atlantic and Gulf junction by the 20th and to Waresboro by the 30th of this month.

When the junction is reached, or soon thereafter, we doubt not a train for the accommodation of passengers, and the transportation of freight will be put on the line, and our facilities for communication with the interior thereby increased, while our charming city will be placed in more intimate relations with other parts of our grand old State and the outside world.

As this railway is built in the immediate interest of Brunswick—which is regarded by capitalists and railway men as the Atlantic terminus of the great Southern Trans-Continental Railway—whose Pacific terminus will be San Diego, California; and as we *know* it is being built by live, go-ahead, progressive men, who have confided its control to one of the foremost, if *not actually the foremost*, railroad man in the South, we indulge sanguine hopes, in fact, confidently believe, that one of the first results of a junction with the Atlantic and Gulf Road will be the construction of a Telegraph line.

With Telegraph communication with all the world, Brunswick will indeed have occasion to rejoice and to *feel* that she is really advancing to her proper and deserved position and prominence in the commercial world.

Men—men like these constructing this grand connecting link of the shortest and best and most practicable, (because least interrupted by physical causes) route between the world's two greatest oceans; men of brains, of energy, of capital and undoubted financial facilities and skill; men who have the sagacity to perceive the importance and value in the future of such undertakings, and who have the courage and daring to engage in them with zeal are the sort the south stands most in need of now, and should be greeted with a cordial welcome.

It matters very little which political party is predominant, or what citizen is Governor, if we can only bring our improved lands under cultivation; improve our immense water powers; unearth and utilize our mineral deposits; convert our almost boundless forests into habitations, and the greatest and grandest commercial marine the world ever saw or dreamed of; and construct railways to transport our products and manufactures to market and our people wherever interest or inclination may lead.

Men who can and will accomplish these results are the men we need. Such we conceive the men to be who are engaged in building the Brunswick and Albany Railway—a half dozen of whom are of more real value to the community and State than an hundred times their number of selfish politicians, distracting the attention and exciting the bitter animosities of the people, by discussing issues that are dead, and should have been buried long ago.

It will be a great thing for Georgia and every State in the Union when the Brunswick and Albany is completed. It will be the means of bringing to Atlanta, and hence to the West, thousands of tons of freight that have reached Florida; it will be hauled with a comparatively small outlay, and will be entering offices of agents in the West—only requiring a few cars of this State to be blessed with thousands more of the same spirit.

Grand Tobacco Fair.

The First Annual Fair of the Tobacco Trade of Clarksville, Tennessee, will be held on that place, on Wednesday, June 15th, 1870. No restrictions are placed on locality, but competition is invited from every tobacco growing State.

As Atlanta is the second best Tobacco mart in the South, we trust that our merchants and tobacco raisers will be represented at the Fair. We annex the premium list:

First Class.—Best hogshead Bright or Mottled wrapper, premium $225.

Second best hogshead Bright or Mottled Wrapper, premium $100.

Second Class.—Best hogshead Cutting Leaf, premium $200.

Second best Cutting Leaf, premium $100.

Third Class.—Best hogshead Dark Wrapper, premium $225.

Second best hogshead Dark Wrapper, premium $100.

Fourth Class.—Best hogshead Shipping Leaf, premium $200.

Second best hogshead Shipping Leaf, premium $100.

Fifth Class.—To the person who will have shipped to, and sold on the Clarksville market this season, the greatest number of hogsheads of tobacco, premium $300.

Second greatest number, premium $150.

Sixth Class.—Best handled and prized hogshead by a planter, premium $150.

Second best handled and prized hogshead, premium $100.

Seventh Class.—Best five hogsheads of their kind, premium $300.

Second best five hogsheads of their kind, premium $200.

Eighth Class.—Best three hogsheads of their kind, premium $150.

Second best three hogsheads of their kind, premium $100.

Ninth Class.—Best box Bright Wrapper, premium $75.

The following rules will be observed:

1. None other than the growth of 1869 admitted.

2. Each hhd. must be marked distinctly with the owner's name, and class in which it will be exhibited.

3. Tobacco should be shipped, if possible, so as to arrive here by the first of June.

4. No hhd. of class 1 and 2 to weigh less than 500 lbs net.

5. No hhd. of class 3, 4, 6, 7 and 8 to weigh less than 1,000 lbs net.

6. No box of class 9, to weigh less than 50 lbs net.

7. In class 5 no hhd. shall be counted that has been previously sold on this market. The premium in this class will be awarded Sept. 1st, next.

8. Either warehouse will receive and store any tobacco intended for exhibition.

9. An entrance fee of $5 will be charged on each hhd. and $2 50 on each box.

10. All tobacco will be entered by the warehouse that receives it. It will be entered in the name of the owner. The warehouse will pay the entrance fee, and charge the same to the owner of the tobacco.

Fact and Incident.

Corn is tasseling near Tampa, Fla.

The Macon and Augusta Railroad is so crowded with freight as to render necessary the running of an extra train.

Two little boys in Montgomery, Ala., had a doodle-catching match—fifty-three and forty-seven respectively were caught by each in about three hours.

Olive oil is manufactured at St. Simon's Island, off the Georgia coast, near Brunswick.

Molasses is made from corn in India.

Of all the school-teachers in the United States, two-thirds are women.

The Chinese laborers on the western railroads drink cold tea instead of water.

The Louisville police are too proud to arrest "common folks."

Baltimore has fourteen men named Lemon. They were all squeezed in one horse-car the other day.

It is asserted that the Pope will infallibly die before the year is out.

Massachusetts peddlers are not to be allowed to deal in indigo or jewelry.

Lowell has a Young Women's Christian Association. Butler is not a member.

Dr. Pusey doesn't want a revision of the Bible. He wants everybody to see it with his vision.

Philadelphia has run out of high male voices for church choirs, and it do re-quire tener more.

Landlords are shocked because their tenants behave in a pay-rental manner. This is unreasonable.

The New York Legislature is going as a "body" to a funeral; but unfortunately its General Thomas's funeral.

The editor of the Chicago Post denies having any intention of purchasing the New York Herald for $2,000,000.

Cincinnati is exceedingly proud of a mulatto with red wool. As he is a barber, however, the phenomenon may not be hair-reditary.

So far as heard from, in the late election, the reinforcement of negroes has not been equal to the loss of white men who have deserted, in disgust, the mongrel party.

Schenck is the strongest man on draw-poker in Washington.

The Khedive has invited Louisa Muhlback to come and write a historical novel about the pyramids. He will give her a mule-back ride to the spot.

Agassiz is threatened with softening of the brain, and all intellectual labor is forbidden by the physicians.

Napoleon calls the 45,000 schoolmasters in his empire "the pacific army of France."

There are twenty-three Roman Catholic priests in the house of Lords, of whom six are recent converts. Most of them are English.

The Siamese twins have not spoken to each other for a month, owing to a difficulty about receipts.

A reverend gentleman named Fary, of Chicago, proposes to give the *coup de grace* to that city by establishing in Arkansas a colony of persons who will be guided by "principles of temperance, morality, and religion." His enthusiasm leads him to the preposterous hope that 300 or 400 families could be found for such a purpose.

John Smith lives in Philadelphia. In the new directory his name appears 236 times. He takes up too much room, the advertisers think.

Chicago's thirteen distilleries spoil 7,000 bushels of grain per day making a species of fluid stomach-searcher, or body-snatcher. The natives can stand it.

A San Francisco judge tempered justice with mercy by fining a starving girl twenty-five cents for stealing a can of milk, and then raising twenty dollars for her on the spot from sympathizing spectators.

Brigham Young's appetite is decidedly syrup-titious—he's constantly calling for More-lasses.

A benevolent gentleman in Chicago, has given $250,000 for the establishment and perpetual support of a free Universalist church in that city.

Mrs. Catharine Fulwider, living in Dutch Hollow, Staunton, Va., was 101 years old on the 1st day of January last. Though she was the only child of her parents, she is mother of 14 children, 101 grandchildren, and between 500 and 600 great-grandchildren, and between 15 and 20 great-great-grandchildren of the fifth generation.

The offensive epithet applied by Henri de Bourbon to Montpensier, which has generally been translated as "pastry-cook," turns out to have been "pastis," which better accounts for the latter gentleman's pantin' fury vengeance.

Mrs. Coles, a half sister of Mr. Colfax (as, indeed, her name implies), is to be appointed postal clerk in the mail-mail mail train (of course no irregular notice will be received on board.) of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad.

☞ The following scene recently occurred in the Iowa Senate: Soon after the Senate was called to order the door-keeper announced, "Message from the House," and Miss Mary B. Spencer, correspondent of that body, appeared, and solemnly said, "Mr. President." That officer replied, "Miss Clerk," and Miss Spencer proceeded to read, in a clear voice, a message from the House in relation to certain bills which had passed that body. At the conclusion of the message the Senators approved of this first official act performed by a young woman in the Iowa Senate by a general clapping of hands.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Boutwell—Revenue, etc.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Boutwell has returned.

Revenue receipts to-day, $135,000; for the month to date, $4,000,000.

The President has returned.

Pope will probably succeed Thomas in command of the Pacific.

The Senate canvassed in regard to Grahan this morning. No action.

A dispatch received by the Spanish Minister to-day, asserts that the Spanish Bank at Havana lent the Government $5,000,000 without interest.

The President appointed S. T. Day, of Florida, Consul at Picton; Edward Johnson, of Arkansas, at Ghent; Alanson B. Long, United States Attorney for Louisiana.

Treasury disbursements for the month to date are smaller than any corresponding period during the last ten years.

The Georgia Bill.

In the Senate the Georgia Bill was taken up by a vote 30 to 25, and was discussed by Mr. Tipton in favor of the Bingham Amendment, and by Mr. Howe against the admission of the State and in favor of a provisional government. The latter argued that the State Constitution allowed the Legislature to perpetuate itself indefinitely, and was not republican in form, and that where two parties in a State hated each other more than they hated injustice, neither should be allowed the ascendancy. Without a vote the question comes up again to-morrow.

Hunt-Sheldon Case—Howard Case.

In the House, the case of Hunt vs. Sheldon, occupied them all day. The vote occurs to-morrow.

Three thousand dollars was appropriated to the Committee for the investigation of Howard's alleged corruptions.

Mr. Stevenson made a minority report, supported by four of the election Committee, in favor of seating Segar as a member at large for Virginia. Adjourned.

The McFarland Case.

NEW YORK, April 12.—Reading of the letters at the McFarland trial was listened to with breathless attention. Some of them are very curious. Several witnesses swear McF. was a monomaniac.

NORFOLK, April 12.—Steamer City Port au Prince, from New York for Port au Prince, put in here leaking.

Wickliffe—State Warrants.

NEW ORLEANS, April 12.—Ex-State Auditor Wickliffe, Saturday night, went to the private residence of a broker and sold him $150,000 worth of State warrants, receiving $70,000 cash. Auditor Graham states that said warrants are fraudulently issued.

Wickliffe has disappeared, but his confidential agent, Brushway, called on the broker for the balance due, and was arrested and fifteen thousand dollars recovered. The State Auditor, Graham, publishes a card cautioning the public against trading for warrants issued by Wickliffe.

The Richmond Mayoralty.

RICHMOND, April 12.—Chase consents that mayoralty case shall be heard by the Virginia Court of Appeals, where he says it belongs. The Appeals Court was organized to-day.

FOREIGN.

Red River Expedition.

TORONTO, April 12.—Preparations for the expedition to the Red River country are progressing. It will depart early in May.

ST. JOHNS, April 12.—The new pilot boat John Mullen is eight days out. It is feared she is lost with all aboard.

ROME, April 12.—The Archbishop of Baltimore, has published a sharp reply to a recent letter of the Bishop of Orleans.

The last chapter of the first schema of the dogma of infallibility will be voted on to-day—opponents are required to vote in writing.

Heavy Gales.

LONDON, April 12.—Captain Meiller, of Saxonia, from New Orleans reports the prevalence of heavy easterly gales and unusually high seas until the 35th degree of latitude was passed.

Many more non-conformist ministers protests to Gladstone against the sectarian clauses of the Educational Bill.

Captain Hacon publishes a communication in the Pall Mall Gazette, wherein he defends the officers of the American steamer Oneida. He says since the order of the Council of August 4th, 1868, it is doubtful if there is any rule of the road at sea.

PARIS, April 12.—An unarmed man was arrested during the review yesterday for shouting vengeance against the Emperor.

NIGHT DISPATCHES.

Georgia Affairs—Present Officials.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The Georgia question drags slowly along. The issue seems as remote as ever. Only Blodgett, of the various Georgia delegations remains here, watching the progress of events. The best opinion is, that the present Executive and Legislative officials will go out at the expiration of the terms for which they were elected, and that the election for their successors will be conducted under military auspices.

It seems certain to-day that whatever result may be reached, the present officials will not be allowed to hold ever, except by a vote of the people, or by Executive appointment.

Sheldon to Retain his Seat.

The Louisiana election Case, Hunt vs. Sheldon, was elaborately argued to empty benches. The issue is foregone — Sheldon will retain his seat by a merely partisan vote.

Southern Pacific Railroad.

Members of Congress from the Gulf States met to-night to consider the Southern Pacific Railroad. They agreed to support a charter making the Eastern terminus at Marshall, Texas, with the right of other roads to connect at or west of Marshall. Connecting roads shall carry freight and passengers under arrangements mutually beneficial.

The guage of the trunk and connecting lines to be five feet. The Gulf delegations will unanimously support the company most likely to build the road from Marshall to San Diego. The committee appointed to take charge of the matter, is composed of Sheldon, Sherrod, Pearce and Clarke.

FOREIGN.

MADRID, April 12.—Nineteen insurgents killed and ten wounded at the Barcelona barricades, besides many wounded were taken home by their friends. Loss of the troops was two killed and thirteen hurt.

It is officially stated that partisan agitators and socialists aided the outbreak.

C. KETCHUM,
IMPORTER & DEALER IN
CARPETING,
FLOOR & TABLE OIL-CLOTHS,
CURTAIN MATERIALS AND SHADES,
77, Main street, above Third.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
apr13

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.
A GREAT MEDLEY SALE!
THIS AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock, in my office,
All that Nice Furniture,
6 Pianos,
50 bbls Potatoes,
OYSTERS,
FLOWERS, PICTURES, and one hundred other things, advertised for Saturday last, but not sold on account of rain. Also, some rare and unadulterated Dickens COTTON GIN!!! Will sell privately as I prefer the public way. Be in time.
G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
apr13-d1i No. 88 Alabama Street.

NEW MUSIC BOOK.
THE WREATH OF GEMS.
A COLLECTION of the most popular Songs, Ballads and Duets of the day, with or Accompaniment for Cabinet Organ.
Sample, $1.25. Cloth, $1.50. Cloth, full gilt, $2.00. Sent postpaid on receipt of price.
OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers,
711 Washington street, Boston.
CHAS. H. D. DITSON & CO.,
711 Broadway, New York.
apr13-d1w

For Rent,
A NICE NEW FOUR-ROOM COTTAGE on Whitehall street, within three hundred yards of the City Hall.
Apply to
apr13-d1i C. A. HOWARD,
No. 47 Whitehall street.

Special Notices.

☞ IF THE BITTERS MADE IN SAVANNAH at the Laboratory of A. A. Solomon & Co., are striking in appearance, of a rich ruby color, pleasing to the eye, agreeable to the taste, and grateful to the stomach.

They are a combination of various valuable health-giving vegetable medicines, suspended in a stimulating solvent by a principle known to the Chemist as displacement.

The change in evaporation produced by the application of heat leaves them inert as to the various and uncertain; for this reason, as no heat is employed, there is no destruction of injury to the active principles of the vegetable materials used.

In its medicinal as well as material properties, it surpasses all other Bitters, as it is unexcelled as a tonic, stimulant and cordial.

apr13-d1w

☞ MANHOOD AND WOMANHOOD.
Essays for Young Men, on the personal interests of the sexes, and the happiness of Pure Marriage, which confer manhood and perfect womanhood; suits in consecrate the Union. Send free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box F, Philadelphia, Pa.
jan26—d&Wly

New Advertisements.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

GREAT IRON INTEREST AT AUCTION, IN ATLANTA, GA.

The Novelty Iron Works Property,
In Bartow County, Ga.

I WILL sell ON TUESDAY, (17th MAY,) in my office, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, that superior Mineral Property, in Bartow county, Ga., known as the

Novelty Iron Works!
THE LAND CONSISTS OF
2,700 ACRES

It is forty miles north of Atlanta, and eight miles east of Western and Atlantic Railroad. It is principally mountain or hill land, but has many beautiful and productive farming spots.

On this Land there are Numerous Beds of Iron Ore.

The following are three of the principal Ores:

1. The Big Ore Bank.—This is a hill—a solid mass of BROWN HEMATITE, and will afford enough ore to supply all the "Furnaces in Georgia."

2. The Hinman Bank.—This is a GRAY MAGNETIC ORE, in great abundance—said to resemble the famous Spartanburg Ores, in South Carolina.

3. Wild Cat Bank.—This is a vast, inexhaustable bed of BROWN FRIABLE or OCHREOUS ORE, and works admirably.

The present Furnace stands on Stamp Creek, and has a capacity of three and a-half to four tons per day. There is plenty of building rock at hand to increase it to any desired size. The creek furnishes enough water to blow the Furnace.

The Iron produced is the best quality of American Iron, for foundry purposes—gray and running freely. The texture is very superior. It was much sought during the war to mix with Scotch Pig, and was used for making driving-wheel tires for locomotives.

OTHER MINERALS.

Besides the Iron Beds, there is a vein of Plumbago or Black Lead; a hill where beds of Manganese can be picked up, which was shipped to New York in a crude state before the war. Within three hundred yards of the Furnace is a bed of

Excellent Fire Clay,

And within a mile, the best Molding Sand; also, a bed of Conglomerate or Pudding Stone—used for Mill Stones. In three miles, an ample supply of Limestone, for "Flux." In five miles, an inexhaustible bed of the best Sandstone, for Furnace Linings.

TIMBER.

There is an abundance of Timber on the land to run the Furnace many years.

IMPROVEMENTS.

Very near and overlooking the Furnace is a large, comfortable, Framed Dwelling; also, all necessary out-buildings—such as Kitchen, Servants' Cabins, Stables, Barns, Blacksmith Shop, Store Room, Counting Room, etc., etc. In one hundred to eight hundred yards of the Furnace, is another comfortable Framed Dwelling, having four large rooms on the first floor, and rooms in the attic. There are three other settlements or houses on the property, at various points, all in fair order.

This property is accessible by a good road from the Railroad Depot.

At the same time, I will sell a superior

LOT IN THE CITY OF ATLANTA,

Belonging to the Novelty Iron Works Company, which, by its fine location, is not surpassed—if equalled—by any spot in the city as a suitable place to erect an extensive Foundry or Machine Shop. It fronts on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, opposite the State Road Shops, and extends through to Marietta street, having a side front on Bartow street, containing about two acres.

The Novelty Iron Works Company offer this large and valuable property because the present stockholders have not sufficient capital to carry on the work and rebuild a proper Foundry in Atlanta.

This sale is positive, and affords a rare opportunity for profitable investment.

Terms—CASH.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
apr13-d1t No. 88 Alabama street.

BANK LOCKS!

MESSRS. SARGENT & GREENLEAF, Rochester, N. Y.—SIRS: I notice going the rounds of the public prints an article dated March 24, over your signature, challenging me to come to Rochester, N. Y., to AGAIN pick your lock, under certain ridiculous and preposterous conditions, the nature of which precludes me from giving your proposition one moment's consideration.

I have picked your LAST four-wheel Automatic Bank Lock in six hours and six minutes at Chicago, FAIRLY and HONESTLY, as you well know, and I believe I can pick it again in less time; and I will, with the aid of an assistant, agree to open THROUGH THE DOOR any Safe on which your Automatic or Magnetic Lock is placed, which was in use prior to the 1st of March last, inside of three hours; provided, the consent of any banker who has one in use can be obtained to allow me to operate upon it, and that you nor any other person shall be allowed to tamper with lock previous to the trial. I to place behind any such lock the sum of $1,000, you to deposit a like amount, and if I fail to open it in the time specified, the amount so deposited to belong to you; if I succeed the amount to belong to me. The test to be conducted under the supervision of an impartial committee.

Notwithstanding your false assertion that your Mr. Sargent has picked our Victor Bank Lock, I now renew my long-standing challenge, that I will again place $1,000 behind either my Victor, Novelty or Chronometer Bank Lock, as I formerly did behind my Victor Lock, and which you failed to obtain after nine days' hard work, and allow you or any other man thirty working hours in which to try and pick the same without injury to safe or lock, provided they or you place a like amount behind said lock, and in case you fail the money to belong to me, and if you succeed the money to belong to you. The trial to be conducted under the supervision of an impartial committee, which shall be chosen by both parties. I do not ask the privilege of having our "Principal Inspector" or foreman adjust and change the lock, nor do I limit the time of my challenge to twenty days.

JOS. L. HALL.

P. S.—If burglars should become possessed of the knowledge of the insecurity of your locks, and the short time in which they could go through them, there would be no security for valuables placed behind them. I can open either your Automatic or Magnetic Lock in six different ways, without any knowledge of the numbers of your Combination, and with so little noise as not to disturb a person sleeping in an adjoining room. Now is the time for you to come out like men, and prove to the public that you mean business, instead of trying to hoodwink them with your ridiculous articles. JOS. L. HALL.

Cincinnati, April 8, 1870. apr13-d1t

Gwinnett County Deputy Sheriff's Sales for June, 1870.

WILL be sold before the Court House door, in the town of Lawrenceville, Gwinnett county, Ga., on the first Tuesday in June, 1870, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

One hundred and seventy-four shares of the capital stock of the Gwinnett Manufacturing Company, situate in said county, and known as the Factory property, and levied on as the property of said company, to satisfy a fi fa issued from the Superior Court of said county in favor of R. A. Alexander for the use of J. J. Langford, levy and return in my hands. Also, all the right, title and interest that the said company has in and to the following described property, to-wit: All that certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county aforesaid, containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, APRIL 12.

Sunday, was Patrick Cannon, but not Cannon, as the types had it yesterday morning.

FINE OXEN.—Col. Richard Peters has at his lot, two superior Brahmin oxen. They are superior oxen for work and strength.

EXPECTED HOME.—John H. James, the banker, is expected to return from Savannah today.

BIG AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.—Col. G. W. Adair will have a mammoth medley auction sale to-day.

ALABAMA STREET.—A new side-walk is being placed on Alabama street, from Hotzerman & Reynolds' to Loyd street. Long needed.

PERSONAL.—G. F. Pioli, of Lexington, Ga., was in the city yesterday, stopped at the National Hotel.

STIMULATIVE.—We learn that some of our tobacco dealers propose giving genuine tobacco seed to farmers designing to cultivate that plant and bring their crops to the market.

LUMBER.—The various Railroads are bringing in daily, large amounts of lumber to this city, and yet the dealers are crying out that they can not keep up with the demand.

WORKING WITH ENERGY.—The street hands are working energetically and faithfully. Alderman Mahoney is determined to have the streets in "good condition."

FILLING UP.—The unimproved lot on Pryor street, between Kenney's and Dr. Wootten's Stable, is being filled up with dirt excavated for the foundations of the new Hotel. This will add to the value of the lot.

AN ANNUAL ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.—Messrs. T. H. Jones & Co., of Nashville, Tennessee, have favored us with their Illustrated Catalogue and Price List of Agricultural Machinery manufactured by them.

"PLAIN HOME TALK."—This original, unique and interesting work, by Dr. Foote, is attracting considerable attention, and the Agent, Mr. Joseph Potts, is meeting with remarkable success in its sale.

SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY.—The Express office here, ships of more freight daily than all the other offices in the State put together. Few offices in the United States do a larger amount of business.

NEEDED.—A Tobacco Box Factory is greatly needed here. The boxes have to be imported from abroad, at a heavy expense. There is no sufficient reason why this should be the case. Who will engage in it?

BABY'S RIGHT'S.—The Baby's Right's movement is destined to overshadow all other movements of the day. It will hold the balance of power between male and female suffragans and restore peace between those contending for the mastery.

BURIED ALIVE.—Yesterday, while the hands were engaged in excavating the dirt for the foundation of the new hotel a huge boulder gave way, burying one of the negroes underneath. He was, however, soon dug out, bruised and scared.

ALARM OF FIRE.—The alarm of fire last night, at eleven o'clock, proved to be a false one. It is supposed to have been created by a red-headed man on Peachtree street "blowing with indignation." But it was such fine sport to see the boys turn out "wid der Machines."

A TOPIC OF INTEREST.—The proposition to abolish the license or registry tax by the City Council, is a topic of general interest. How the revenue is to be raised without it, has not been stated. We trust our citizens will let the Council know their views on the question at the next meeting.

STUMP & WATTS.—Messrs. Stump & Watts, wholesale dealers in millinery goods, dress trimmings and fancy goods, 218 Main street, Louisville, Ky., keep a splendid assortment of goods, and are active business men. Parties visiting Louisville will do well to call and see them.

LOUISVILLE TO BE AN INTERIOR PORT OF ENTRY.—Hon. Boyd Winchester thinks he will be able to make Louisville, Kentucky, an interior port of entry, will be passed by Congress. If this be true, and we can see no reason why it should not be so, Atlanta ought by all means, to be made one. Will not our City Fathers move in the matter?

GRAND PROMENADE AND SUPPER.—The Young Men's Benevolent Society give a grand Promenade and Supper at the City Hall, on Wednesday evening, April 20th, for charitable purposes. The supper will be arranged by the ladies. The occasion is looked forward to with bright anticipations by many in the city. A crowded house is expected on the occasion.

J. D. SUBLETT, ESQ.—We had the pleasure of meeting with J. D. Sublett, Esq., formerly of the Spotswood Hotel, of Richmond, Va., but more recently of the Spotswood, of Macon. He is the prince of Bonifaces—the emperor of hotel-keepers—and if Mr. Kimball could get Mr. Sublett to run his new hotel, its success will be a fixed fact. His reputation extends throughout the South and West, and is a tower of strength.

GRAND CLASSICAL CONCERT.—The grand classical concert by Prof. Gorizan comes off at DeGive's Opera House to-night. The programme embraces some fine selections, and the performers some of the best musical talent of the day. Prof. Gorizan is the celebrated basso of the German Opera; Miss Kittie Hall, of the French Opera at New Orleans; Prof. Heneman, Louis Davis, and others, will participate in the exercises. We bespeak a crowded house for them to-night.

CHRISTIANITY EXEMPLIFIED.—This is the title of a Memorial Sermon of Rev. Basil Manly, Jr., D. D., by Rev. Samuel Henderson, D. D., President of the Alabama Baptist Female University. It is printed in the handsome style of the Franklin Steam Printing House, Macon, Ga.

Dr. Henderson, in an able and eloquent manner, portrays the merits and beauties of Dr. Manly and his exemplification of Christianity and the doctrines of the Bible.

BOOKS.—We are indebted to Mr. J. J. Toon, for the advance sheets of "Reminiscences of a Georgia Lawyer, by Garnett Andrews." The work will be ready for delivery during the week. Price $1 per copy. Address all orders to J. J. Toon, publisher. Liberal discount to the trade. From a hasty glance at the pages before us, we are led to believe that the book will be a popular one, and take rank with Longstreet's Georgia Scenes, as a readable and unique work.

YOUNG MEN'S LIBRARY ASSOCIATION OF ATLANTA.—The Constitutionalists of the Young Men's Library Association has been published in pamphlet form at THE CONSTITUTION Job Office. This is the third year of the existence of the Association, and it is in a highly flourishing condition. Much of the success attained by it during the present year, is due to the untiring energy of its efficient President, Darwin G. Jones. In his efforts to promote the interests of this Association, he has received valuable assistance from the other officers and Directors. Their terms of office will soon expire. Whether re-elected or not, they should receive the unanimous thanks of the Association.

THE AUGUSTA MILITARY POLICE.—The Augusta Chronicle states that the Augusta Military police, at their inspection last Sunday, numbered forty privates, five Sergeants, two Lieutenants and the Chief—making a total of forty-eight. They were, of course, all dressed in full uniform—felt hats, frock coats of cadet gray, with brass buttons, blue pants, black belts with rosewood clubs in the sheaths, and gilt badges. The officers wore the same uniform, except that their coats were made double-breasted, they wore no clubs, and in place of the gilt badge, wore a small silver star on the breast, with the name of the office of the wearer engraved upon it.

Lieutenant R. B. Purcell has been detailed to act as Adjutant, and put the men through according to the latest edition of Hardee's tactics; and at the force went through the different evolutions with almost the same promptness and precision which characterized the "regulars" of the army, it presented a very imposing spectacle. After the men were drawn up in line, the command, "to the front, in open order," was given, and the inspection proper commenced. The Mayor, the Chairman of the Police Committee, and the Chief of Police passed down the line, the latter calling the names, and announcing himself highly pleased at the good manner in which everything was conducted. From it is remembered that one year ago in this city, and on this very street, the police of the magnificent

Inequalities of Representation.

In a recent lecture at Boston, David Dudley Field illustrated the inequalities of representation by the following figures:

The House of Representatives has 148 Republicans and 71 Democratic members, the former having received 2,654,048 votes, and the latter 2,592,378 votes; that is to say, the Republicans on 53 per cent. of the popular vote, have 67 per cent. of the Congressional vote, and the Democrats on 47 per cent. of the former have 33 per cent. of the latter.

In the Senate the representation is still further removed from the people, as the following statement will show. There are 37 States, represented by 74 Senators. The following table shows the vote of the 19 States having the largest population and represented in the Senate by 38 Senators:

New York, 849,750; Pennsylvania, 656,-962; Ohio 518,828; Illinois 449,436; Indiana 349,532; Michigan 226,619; Virginia 223,-729; Massachusetts 185,913; Iowa 194,429; Wisconsin 193,584; North Carolina 176,226; New Jersey 162,840; Georgia 158,926; Kentucky 155,455; Alabama 147,781; Missouri 147,126; Mississippi 114,283; Maine 112,672 —total 5,022,781.

The following table shows the vote of the 19 States having the smallest population and represented in the Senate by 38 Senators:

California 108,800; South Carolina 108,-135; Texas 107,780; Connecticut 98,947; Maryland 92,796; Tennessee 82,757; Minnesota 71,020; Louisiana 71,100; New Hampshire 69,415; Vermont 56,224; West Virginia 49,397; Kansas 43,648; Arkansas 43,149; Oregon 28,082; Florida 22,002; Rhode Island 19,541; Delaware 18,575; Nebraska 15,298; Nevada 11,628—total 1,111,-885.

Sixteen States with 37 Senators cast 787,-310; New York with 2 Senators cast 849,750. Twenty States with 52 Senators cast 1,045,199; three States, with six Senators cast 2,024,840. The City of New York cast more votes than the six States of Oregon, Florida, Rhode Island, Delaware, Nebraska and Nevada.

☞ A great many States claim the champion mean man, but we think Cedar Rapids, Iowa, can wear the belt. A man there kept his own cows out doors all winter, because he could let their stable for $2 per month. If there is a meaner man he don't need any other recommendation to get an office under this Government.

Latest Market Reports.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, April 12, 10 o'clock, P. M.

Business continued active this afternoon, the market closing without change in quotations.

RETURN OF COTTON CULTIVATION IN WESTERN INDIA FOR THE YEAR 1869-70.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

Northern Division.	Total Acres.
Ahmenabad	233,268
Kaira	10,641
Broach	262,800
Surat	16,546
Kandeish	540,000
Southern Division.	
Ahmednugger	22,779
Belgaum	276,668
Dharwar	647,514
Kulladughee	107,892
Poona	41,737
Sotlara	54,977
Sholapore	117,669
Native States.	
Akulkote	17,100
Baroda	No return.
Cutch	213,333
Katsy-awar (Dhoilrah), etc.	No return.
Kolepore and S. M. Country	264,567
Mahee Kanta	3,800
Pahlunpoor	No return.
Rewa Kanta	No return.
Total	3,253,099
The Deccan	1,218,416
The Central Provinces	980,999
Grand total	5,491,468

Showing an increase for 1869-70 of 27 per cent.
(Signed) G. F. FORBES, Cotton Commissioner.

GENERAL MARKETS.

LOUISVILLE, April 9.

CORN—Considerable activity continues to prevail in the market, and stocks have improved but little. Choice ear corn continues scarce, and the demand is reported almost in excess of the capacity of stock. Prices of choice white shelled corn are very firm, and tend upward. Common corn is in excess of the demand. Transactions to-day were limited; light lots within the range of our quotations. We quote common at 93a94c per bushel, and choice at 95a97c per bushel. Shelled corn in bulk commands 83a85c per bushel. Ear corn commands 80a85c per bushel from store, and on arrival at 85a90c per bushel.

OATS—A moderate degree of activity prevails in the market, and stocks, though light, are sufficient to supply the wants of customers. Dealers report a fair demand, and light sales are reported within the range of quotations. We quote white and black seed oats at 72a78c per bushel. Inferior feed oats are made at 63a65c, sacks inclusive, and in bulk at 55a60c per bushel.

RYE—The demand continues liberal, with only enough for the requirements of the trade. Prices rule steady, and we note sales of 350 bushels rye at 85c per bushel. We quote from store at 90a95c per bushel, and on arrival at 80a85c per bushel.

BACON—A fair demand is reported and stocks are light, but sufficient to meet the requirements of the trade. Prices rule firm, with a decided upward tendency. Sales to-day include 25 casks clear bacon sides at 16 1-2, 40 casks clear bacon sides at 16, and 25 casks shoulders at 12c, packed. We quote clear sides at 16 1-2a16 3-4, clear rib sides 16a16 1-4, and shoulders at 11 3-4a12 per lb packed. Hams are in active demand, and prices rule firm, but not quotably higher. Dealers report sales of 100 tierces fancy sugar-cured hams at 18 1-4 per lb packed. We quote plain and sugar-cured hams at 17 1-2a18 1-2 per lb, packed.

DULL MEATS—The sales to-day are only small, and business is of a fair degree of activity in the market. Prices rule firm, and the tendency continues to higher quotations. We hear of sales of 5,000 lbs clear rib in bulk, loose, at 14 1-2, and sales of 10 casks clear sides at 15 1-2, 16 casks clear rib at 15, and 15 casks shoulders at 11 per pound, packed. We quote clear sides at 15 1-2a15 3-4 clear sides at 14 3-4a15, and shoulders at 10 3-4a11, packed.

LARD—An active demand prevails in the market, and prices rule firm, with an upward tendency. Stocks are moderate, and sales are made within the range of our quotations. We note sales of 15 tierces prime leaf lard at 16 1-2, and 200 tierces country kettle lard at 15 1-4. We quote prime leaf tierce lard at 16a16 1-2, and keg lard 17 1-2a18.

LEAF TOBACCO—The market, during the week ending this evening, has been active, with liberal receipts. Prices have been fully maintained, and the market closes firm. The sales for the week have amounted to 1,327 hhds, and for the current tobacco year to 12,100 hhds.

CINCINNATI, April 9.

Provisions are still firm, with no material change since my last, except in mess pork, which shows an advance. Gardners are increasing, and inquiries from that quarter are limited to-day. Prices for pork. The Chicago market is very flush, from dispatches. Tendency downward, prices were quoted down a little, and their seemed to be no demand for anything, but to-day there is a better feeling, and prices show a little better, especially pork which brought $7.50. Our market is not as materially.

BULK MEATS—Choice shoulders are held at 10 1-4, sides 13 3-4, with a good demand at 14 1-2; sweet shoulders 10 1-2, sides 13 3-4. Bacon—Shoulders are held at 11c, clear sides at 14c; generally held as high as 14 1-2; clear rib sides 13 1-2a13 3-4. Lard, in tierces, is quiet, but steady at 15 1-2a15 3-4. Kegs, in quality, is heavy.

BACON—Is in better demand. Shoulders are at 11 1-2; clear sides at 13 1-2; clear rib sides at 13 1-2; sugar cured hams at 17 1-2a18; canvassed hams at 19a19 1-2; very fine at 20c.

GOLD—Closed firm at 112 1-2. Government unsettled; 1862s 113 1-2. Southerns dull.

Later—Coupons, Sixes, 81's, 14; 62's, 11 1-2; 65's, 10 1-2; 65's, 10 1-2; new 5's, 97's, 9 1-2; 68's, 9 1-4; 67's, 9 1-2; Tennessees 68's, new 73 1-2; Virginias 70's, new 69 1-2; Louisianas 76 1-2; new 72; levee, 6's 76 1-2; 8's 92; Alabama 8's 97 1-2; 5's 80; Georgia 6's 85; 7's 92 1-2; North Carolinas 46 3-4; new 22; South Carolinas 87; new 81 1-2.

CINCINNATI, April 9.—Corn firm at 88 for white and yellow. Oats firm. Whisky dull at 98. Pork active at 26 25. Bacon firm; shoulders 12; clear sides, 16 1-4. Lard held at 16; but little offered.

LOUISVILLE, April 12.—Corn 87. Pork 29 00. Shoulders 12; sides 16 1-4. Lard 16 1-4. Whisky 1 00a1 01.

ST. LOUIS, April 12.—Provisions firm. Corn firm; yellow sacked 87; white, sacked 93. Whisky dull at 1 00. Pork higher at 28 50a28 75. Bacon, jobbing sales at—shoulders, 11 1-4a11 1-2; clear sides 16 1-4a16 3-4. Lard firm at 16 1-4a16.

BALTIMORE, April 12.—Flour active and higher on low and medium grades; Howard Street superfine 4 87 1-2a5 00. Wheat steady; fine to choice Maryland red 1 35a1 45; Pennsylvania 1 28a1 31 Corn, white 1 5a1 06; yellow 1 03a1 06. Oats 60a62. Pork 28 00a28 50. Bacon firm; shoulders 12 1-2. Whisky 1 02a1 03.

Cotton quiet but firm; middlings 23. Sales 300 bales; net receipts 147 bales; stock 4,875 bales.

AUGUSTA, April 12.—Market active but at lower rates; middlings 20 3-4; sales 500 bales; receipts 450 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, April 12.—Flour firmer at 4 25a5 00a5 75. Corn firmer; mixed 1 05; yellow 1 12a1 16. Oats, prime 63a64. Bran firm at 1 45. Hay, prime 28 00. Pork active at 29 50a30 00. Bacon 12 1-4a16 1-4a 17 1-4. Hams 18a18 1-4. Lard firm, tierce 15 1-2a16; keg 17 1-4a17 3-4. Sugar, prime 11 1-4a11 3-4. Molasses, firm; prime plantation, 60; fermenting 56a58; plantation reboiled 60a65; Cuba reboiled on plantation 58a59 1-2. Whisky 95a1 07 1-2. Coffee; fair at 16 1-2a16 3-4; prime 17 1-4a18.

Sterling 23 1-2. New York Sight 3-4 premium. Gold 112 1-2.

Cotton quiet but firm; middlings 22 1-4; sales 1,800 bales; net receipts 907 bales; coastwise 170 bales; total 1,077 bales; exports to Liverpool 1,591 bales; Barcelona 1,300 bales; stock 177,837 bales.

NORFOLK, April 12.—Cotton quiet and steady; low middlings 21; receipts 248 bales; exports coastwise 783 bales; stock 5,462 bales.

CHARLESTON, April 12.—Cotton quiet; middlings 22; sales 50 bales; receipts 618 bales; exports, coastwise 768 bales; stock 16,641 bales.

SAVANNAH, April 12.—Cotton firm; middlings 22; sales 300 bales; receipts 1,389 bales; stock 40,187 bales.

BOSTON, April 12.—Cotton quiet and nominal; middlings 24; sales 200 bales; receipts 255 bales; stock 12,600 bales.

GALVESTON, April 12.—Cotton dull and drooping; good ordinary 18 3-4; no sales; exports to Liverpool 2,869 bales; coastwise 385 bales; receipts 1,150 bales; stock 26,192 bales.

MOBILE, April 12.—Cotton firm and in fair demand; middlings 21 3-4a22; sales 500 bales; receipts 208 bales; exports, New Orleans 287 bales; stock 51,941 bales.

MEMPHIS, April 12.—Cotton closed quiet; uplands at 11 1-4; Orleans 11 1-4; sales 11,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000 bales. Lard buoyant.

FRANKFORT, April 12.—Bonds firm at 94 3-4a94 7-8.

LONDON, April 12.—Consols 94a94 1-4. Bonds 90 3-4. Tallow quiet and steady. Sugar quiet, both on spot and afloat.

PARIS, April 12.—Bourse closed firm; Rentes 73f. 72c.

Local and Business Notices.

CROQUET SETS—Improved, at $6, $10, $15, and $20, by PHILLIPS & CREW, apr12-d3t Central Book Store, Atlanta.

A MOST STRIKING CONTRAST.—The old hair dyes and "colorers," etc., are all more or less sticky, muddy, and fetid, and the hues they impart are not natural. PHALON'S NIGHTINGALE FOR THE HAIR, the newly-discovered agent, is, on the other hand, limpid, transparent, fragrant, and effective, and has no sediment. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. apl2-deod1w

SPRING MILLINERY.—Ladies will find a new and handsome stock of hats and bonnets of the latest styles at Knox's Millinery and Variety Store, 28 Whitehall street. Also a fresh stock of human and imitation hair goods, fancy goods etc., which they are selling at the lowest price. apl12-d6t

THERE is no mistake about the Monitor being the best Baking Cook Stove now in use. To be had only at Richardson's. apr10-d3t

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Ky., is immediately opposite the Masonic Temple. apr10-d1w

TIME AND CASH SALES.—Chesapeake Guano, Corn, Bacon, Flour, Molasses, Groceries, Hay, etc., etc., sells on time, to substantial planters, payable in October next. Or to the general cash trade low for cash. A. K. SLAGO. apr9-d6t

A FEW bushels Boyd's extra Prolific Cotton Seed, (Dickson's) for sale at $1.25 per bushel. Call on McDANIEL & STRONG. apr3-d7t

FOR SALE.—We have prepared plats of three beautiful lots on Whitehall street, in the immediate vicinity of Judge Erskine, Col. Glenn, Dr. Johnson, Capt. Jackson, and others, which is now upon the market. Parties in search of good localities can be accommodated by early application to BELL & HAMMOCK, apr16-d3t Real Estate Agents.

From the Norfolk Daily Journal, Dec. 11, 1869.]

KOZOKO.—This medicine is rapidly gaining the confidence of the people, and the unanimous testimonials of its virtues, given by practitioners of medicine, leaves no doubt that it is a safe and positive remedy for impurity of the blood, liver disease, etc.

Kozoko Medical Institute opens as usual to-day. Dr. R. S. Newton, M. D., Proprietor. Dr. Newton is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, class of 1857, and has been for a number of years a practitioner of medicine in the city of New York, that position in which a man of his qualifications is most likely to succeed. He is a native of Kentucky, but has spent a number of years in the metropolitan city of Gotham. The Dr. will locate, in the first instance where such medicines have been officially endorsed by the Faculty of the highest order, and where they have received great credit upon the skill of Dr. Lawrason, to consult with and advise with "Doctor" in the use of all other medicines of the present day. apr9-d3t

JOY TO THE WORLD! WOMAN IS FREE! Among the many modern discoveries looking to the happiness and amelioration of the human race, none is entitled to higher consideration than the renowned remedy, Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator, well-named Best Friend. By it woman is emancipated from the numberless ills peculiar to her sex. Before its magic power all pain and suffering disappear like mist before the sun. It never fails, it never varies. It is a positive, unfailing, scientific remedy. It tones the nerves and purifies the blood. It never fails, in thousands of women who have used it. Send for circular to Dr. J. Bradfield, Atlanta, Ga. Price $1.50 per bottle. All responsible drug men keep it. apr9-d&w1m

CONSTITUTION PRINTING HOUSE!

"EXCELSIOR!"

OUR MOTTO.

Ahead of all Competition!

Broad Street, Near Atlanta Engine House, and Opposite Post Office.

—WITH—

New and Elegant Presses!

And a large and extensive

VARIETY OF JOB TYPE

We are prepared to do all kinds of

Book and Job Work!

In the best style and at

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES

ALL WE ASK IS A TRIAL!

Plain and Fancy Printing, in colors, such as

BONDS,	CATALOGUES,
BANK CHECKS,	CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS,	PROGRAMMES,
BUSINESS CARDS,	POSTERS,
BILLHEADS,	

Anything from a Wedding Card to a Mammoth Poster!

Or from a

Railroad Ticket to a Ledger!

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION!

A Live Democratic Sheet!

Best Advertising Medium!

Through which men can bring their names and business before the public.

Circulation increasing Rapidly Every Day.

ITS MOTTO:

"Unwavering fidelity to principle better than violent denunciation;"

PRINCIPIA NON HOMINES;

The development of the vast natural resources of Georgia, and the advancement of the material prosperity of the whole State, from Dade to Chatham.

With Able and Experienced Editors,

"To the manor born," a

HOST OF CONTRIBUTORS!

AND CORRESPONDENTS,

The Proprietors feel no hesitancy in assuring the public that the reputation of THE CONSTITUTION as a

LIVE NEWSPAPER!

And an independent and out-spoken journal will be maintained. It columns will contain

Pungent Editorials!

On the topics of the day.

Local, Commercial, and General News, Agricultural, Mercantile and Political Intelligence from all Quarters.

No pains will be spared to make it a valuable and necessary companion to the Merchant, the Mechanic, the Farmer, the Professional Man, the Agriculturist and the Laborer, and suitable alike for the

Boudoir or the Counting Room, the Printer or the Workshop!

THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION!

A large and well filled sheet, will furnish the news of the Daily, and these not having daily mail facilities, will find the Weekly a

PERFECT LUXURY!

TERMS OF THE DAILY

Are $10 00 per annum, $5 00 for six months, or $1 00 per month.

INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY

are $3 00 per annum, or $1 50 for six months, payable in advance.

To all subscribers to the Daily and Weekly in which terms, after one year, we will furnish the

RURAL SOUTHERNER,

A monthly Agricultural Journal, published in Atlanta, free of charge, for the same period.

Connected with the Constitution is a full assortment of

BOOK BINDERIES!

In the Style,

Best in your prices, for

Book Binding or Ruling;

Best in your terms for

Book and Job Work!

All orders promptly executed at

No. 28 Whitehall Street,

Atlanta, Ga.

W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.,
Proprietors.

DR. JOHN BULL'S Great Remedies.

DR. JOHN BULL,

Manufacturer and Vendor of the Celebrated

Smith's Tonic Syrup,

FOR THE CURE OF

AGUE AND FEVER,

Chills and Fever.

The proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the safe, certain, speedy and permanent cure of Ague and Fever, Chills and Fever, Intermittent Fever, Dumb Ague, and all the various forms of disease, originating in the bowels, liver, stomach, or digestive organs, and also in the western country to benefit the health of the settlers, that in so many localities are still subject to attacks. If they will but use it, and follow the directions, they will find a single bottle, with a perfect freedom from the general nausea of all nauseous medicines, will be sufficient to cure them. If they will continue to use it, it will be continued in smaller doses for a week or two after the disease has been broken, and thereby entirely eradicate the disease from the system. In a great many cases it is, however, required, and in every case more certain of a cure. It can

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

A BABY RHYME.

So new the kiss, so new the bliss
Of baby fingers tender—
A weight so warm upon the arm,
A sleepy, breathing splendor;
O baby-bird, sleep in thy nest,
Dear, warm wee bird, sleep in thy nest.

Two hands clasped fast, two lids downcast,
(Eyes—brown or blue, which—mother?)
A heart as white as flowers at night,
Moon-kissed that kiss each other;
Like birds at rest, so thou in nest,
Sleep, baby-bird, sleep in thy nest.

So white the earth grew at thy birth,
(Thy tiny feet were whiter)—
So light the fall of snow o'er all,
(Thy warm home nest was lighter);
O baby, rest, in folded nest,
And sleep, sweet bird, within such nest.

But, baby, dear, it is so queer,
Sometimes this world is clouded
And gray, and gray, beneath the day,
It looks like friar shrouded.
But, little guest, sleep in thy nest,
Nor know the rest—sleep in thy nest.

And over thee, all warm, I see
Two tear-bright eyes bend softly;
And folded fast, upon the cast,
Are kisses falling softly.
Then, bird, at rest, within thy nest,
Sleep well, sleep well—sleep in thy nest.

O, tiny thing, without a wing,
O bird with song yet hidden;
The guests with glee would welcome thee
To life's feast later bidden;
And while the west calls day to rest,
We say, dear bird, sleep in thy nest.

☞ Since the President came into office he has signed eighty-two bills and vetoed one—a private bill.

☞ It is said that farmers in Minnesota can now make more money in raising beets at $3 per ton for sugar-making than they can in raising wheat or any other kind of grain.

☞ Lady Molesworth is said to be "the first dinner giver in London;" and it is said that at one of her entertainments four dukes were present, and the dinner was so good and the dukes were so dull that during two courses none of them uttered a word.

AN EXAMPLE.—It will be seen, by reference to the proceedings of the Police Court yesterday morning, that a little boy was sent to the guard house to be punished by his mother for stealing the Republican from the stoop of Mr. Thomas S. Wayne. This practice of stealing newspapers from the doors of subscribers who are regularly served by the carriers of newspapers, has become an intolerable nuisance, and we are very glad that the police have taken the matter in hand, and hope they will be able to break it up.—*Savannah Republican.*

California Salmon.

A very delicious fish has recently been brought to this market, known as California salmon. This species usually weigh from eighty to forty pounds; but some of the largest exceed sixty pounds. The average weight is from eighteen to twenty-five pounds. Those fish are caught in vast numbers in the Sacramento River, and other streams along the Pacific coast. For the introduction of this luxury into the markets of the Atlantic coast, we are indebted to the enterprise of Mr. A. Booth, oyster dealer, of Chicago. A short time since, Mr. Booth engaged in the business of shipping oysters from Chicago to San Francisco, and being desirous of bringing back some article of food that would sell readily in the East, he procured some of the finest salmon of the Pacific coast, placed them in a refrigerator car, and tried the experiment of bringing them here by rail. The first lot, weighing about six thousand pounds, arrived in this city about the first of March, in perfect order and were immediately placed on sale. In consequence of the public generally being unacquainted with the excellent qualities of these fish, they at first sold somewhat slowly, but were all closed out in about ten days, at an average price of sixty cents per pound. The proprietors of our largest restaurants speak warmly in their praise; epicures pronounce them delicious, and all who have tried them are satisfied that they are unexcelled, as an article of food, by any other variety of the *genus salmo.*

The success of Mr. Booth's experiment was at once established, and it speaks well for his foresight and perseverance. Since then he has brought here a second car load of twelve thousand pounds, consigned to one of the heaviest fish dealers of this city. The first catch of salmon, obtained at St. John, New Brunswick, and in the Kennebec River, in the State of Maine, have usually brought one dollar per pound; but when they become plenty, (which is usually about the first of July,) they can be bought for about twenty-five cents per pound. This is much cheaper than the California salmon can be laid down in this market, owing to the high rates of freights charged by the Pacific Railroad for the use of their refrigerator cars. Mr. Booth will doubtless continue the business as long as it can be made profitable, but as it takes about thirteen days to make the trip between the two extremes of the Continent, and the first cost of the fish, added to the expense of freight, the latter being a considerable outlay, it will prevent them from being at any time during the season sold at much lower rates than those now current.

The salmon of California are of the same general species as are found in all the Northern climates of America, Europe, and Asia. In the Spring, they ascend the rivers for spawning, penetrate to the very source of streams, even jumping falls of considerable height. Large quantities of salmon are cured, salted, and sometimes smoked. They are shipped to all parts of the world. The meat of the salmon is of a yellowish-red color, but in some varieties the color is much deeper. The meat of the latter is richer and more delicate.—*N. Y. Mercantile Journal.*

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

☞ GEORGIA RAILROAD—171 miles—Fare five cents per mile.—JOHN P. KING, President; R. W. COLE, Superintendent; G. T. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	7.00 A. M.
Leave Atlanta	8.00 A. M.
Arrive at Augusta	5.45 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	4.30 P. M.

No trains on Sunday.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	10.00 P. M.
Leave Atlanta	8.45 P. M.
Arrive at Augusta	6.45 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	6.00 A. M.

Passengers for Milledgeville, Washington and Athens, Ga., must take Day Passenger Train from Augusta and Atlanta.

Passengers for West Point, Montgomery, Selma, Mobile and New Orleans, must leave Augusta on Night Passenger train to make close connections.

Passengers for Nashville, Corinth, Grand Junction, Memphis, Louisville and St. Louis can take either train and make connections.

Through Tickets, and Baggage checked through to the above places.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars on all Night Passenger Trains. No change of cars on Night Passenger and Mail Trains between Augusta and West Point.

S. K. JOHNSON, Assistant Supt.

Georgia Railroad, Augusta, April 6, 1869.

☞ WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD—P. BLODGETT, Superintendent; A. L. HARRIS, Master of Transportion.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	7 00 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	2 30 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	7 50 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	4 14 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	8 15 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 30 P M
Leaves Chattanooga	7 40 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	3 17 P M

DALTON ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Atlanta	3 30 P M
Arrived at Dalton	11.35 P M
Leaves Dalton	8.05 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	11.00 A M

☞ ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD—87 miles—Fare ——— per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; R. M. FARMAR, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8:15A. M.
Arrive at West Point	12:32 P. M.
Leave West Point	12.36 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5:35 P. M.

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	2.00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	10:45 P. M.
Leave West Point	2.00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10:07 A. M.

☞ MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD—103 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; A. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta; M. W. BANNON, Master Transportation:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	6.35 A M
Arrive at Macon	1.40 P M
Leave Macon	1.55 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	8.30 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.15P M
Arrive at Macon	3.30 A M
Leave Macon	3.50 P M
Arrive in Atlanta	4.05 A M

KOSKOO!

THE GREAT REPUTATION

Which KOSKOO has attained in all parts of country

AS A GREAT AND GOOD MEDICINE!

And the Large Numbers of Testimonials

which are constantly being received from Physicians, and persons who Have BEEN CURED by its use, is CONCLUSIVE PROOF of its REMARKABLE VALUE.

AS A BLOOD PURIFIER,

IT HAS NO EQUAL,

BEING POSITIVELY

The Most Powerful Vegetable Alterative Yet Discovered.

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

"The life of the flesh is in the Blood," is a Scriptural maxim that science proves to be true. The people talk of bad blood, as the cause of many diseases, and like many popular opinions, this of bad blood is founded in truth.

The symptoms of bad blood are usually quite plain—bad Digestion—causes imperfect nutrition, and consequently the circulation is feeble, the soft tissues loose their tone and elasticity, and the tongue becomes pale, bread, and frequently covered with a pasty, white coat. This condition soon shows itself in *roughness* of the skin, then in ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE diseases, and when long continued, results in serious lesions of the Brain, Liver, Lungs, or urinary apparatus. Much, very much, suffering is caused by impure blood. It is estimated by some that one-fifth of the human family are effected with scrofula in some form.

When the Blood is pure, you are not so liable to any disease. Many impurities of the Blood arise from impure diseases of large cities. Eradicate every impurity from the fountain of life, and good spirits, fair skin and vital strength will return to you.

KOSKOO,

AS A

Liver Invigorator!

STANDS UNRIVALLED.

Being the only KNOWN Medicine

that EFFICIENTLY *stimulates* and CORRECTS the *hepatic secretions* and functional DERANGEMENTS of the LIVER, WITHOUT DEBILITATING the system. While it acts *freely* upon the Liver *instead of copious purging*, it *gradually changes* the discharges *to a perfectly natural state.*

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER COMPLAINT AND OF SOME OF THOSE DISEASES PRODUCED BY IT.

A sallow or yellow color of the skin, or yellowish-brown spots on the face and other parts of the body; dullness and drowsiness, sometimes, headache; bitter or bad taste in the mouth, internal heat; in many cases a dry, teasing cough; unsteady appetite; sometimes sour stomach, with a raising of the food; a bloated or full feeling about the stomach and sides; aggravating pains in the side, back, or breast, and about the shoulders; constipation of the bowels; piles, flatulence, coldness of the extremities, etc.

KOSKOO!

Is a remedy of *Wonderful Efficacy* in the *cure* of diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. In these Affections it is as near a specific as any remedy can be. It does its work kindly, silently, and surely. The Relief which it affords is both certain and perceptible.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

Persons unacquainted with the structure and functions of the Kidneys can not estimate the importance of their healthy action.

Regular and sufficient action of the Kidneys is as important, nay, even more so, than regularity of the bowels. The Kidneys remove from the Blood those effete matters which, if permitted to remain, would speedily destroy life. A total suspension of the urinary discharges will occasion death from thirty-six to forty-eight hours.

When the Urine is voided in small quantities at the time, or when there is a disposition to Urinate more frequently than natural, or when the Urine is high colored or scalding with weakness in the small of the back, it should not be trifled with or delayed, but Koskoo should be taken at once to remedy the difficulty, before a lesion of the organs takes place. Most of the diseases of the Bladder originate from those of the Kidneys, the Urine being imperfectly secreted in the Kidneys, prove irritating to the Bladder and Urinary passages. When we recollect that medicine never reaches the Kidneys through the general circulation of the Blood, we see how necessary it is to keep the Fountain of Life Pure.

KOSKOO!

Is NOT a secret quack remedy, FORMULA around each bottle. Recommended by the best Physicians, eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, etc.

The Best and Most Popular Medicine in Use.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D.,

ORGANIC CHEMIST,

Laboratory and Office, No. 6 Main Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

Price, ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

☞ For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.

50 cts With GREAT SUCCESS is the CURE of

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,

Almost nine-tenths of our people suffer from nervous exhaustion, and are, therefore, liable to its concomitant evils of mental depression, confused ideas, softening of the brain, insanity, and complete breaking down of the general health. Thousands are suffering to-day with broken-down nervous systems, and—unfortunately, tobacco, alcohol, late hours, over-work (mental and physical), are causing diseases of the nervous system to increase at a fearful rate.

The symptoms to which diseases of the nervous system give rise, may be stated as follows:

A dull, heavy feeling in the head, sometimes more or less severe pain or headache; Periodical Headache, Dizziness, Noises or Ringing in the Head; Confusion of Ideas; Loss of Memory; Dejection of Spirits; Starting during Sleep; Bad Dreams; Hesitation in Answering Questions; Dullness of Hearing; Twitching of the Face and Arms, etc., which, if not properly treated, lead to Paralysis, Delirium, Insanity, Impotency, Apoplexy, etc., etc.

K,O S K,O O

Is NOT a secret quack remedy, FORMULA around each bottle. Recommended by the best Physicians, eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, etc.

The Best and Most Popular Medicine in Use.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D.,

ORGANIC CHEMIST,

Laboratory and Office, No. 6 Main Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

Price, ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

☞ For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.

50 cts

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,

Almost nine-tenths of our people suffer from nervous exhaustion, and are, therefore, liable to its concomitant evils of mental depression, confused ideas, softening of the brain, insanity, and complete breaking down of the general health. Thousands are suffering to-day with broken-down nervous systems, and—unfortunately, tobacco, alcohol, late hours, over-work (mental and physical), are causing diseases of the nervous system to increase at a fearful rate.

The symptoms to which diseases of the nervous system give rise, may be stated as follows:

A dull, heavy feeling in the head, sometimes more or less severe pain or headache; Periodical Headache, Dizziness, Noises or Ringing in the Head; Confusion of Ideas; Loss of Memory; Dejection of Spirits; Starting during Sleep; Bad Dreams; Hesitation in Answering Questions; Dullness of Hearing; Twitching of the Face and Arms, etc., which, if not properly treated, lead to Paralysis, Delirium, Insanity, Impotency, Apoplexy, etc., etc.

Railroads.

Winter Arrangement!

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

THE OLD RELIABLE PASSENGER ROUTE TO ALL

Northern, Eastern and Western Cities,

Carrying Great Southern Express.

The Only Route from Atlanta RUNNING A

Double Daily Through Train,

Preventing a possibility of twenty-four (24) hours delay, incident to lines having but one Daily Train.

The United States Mail

BETWEEN ATLANTA AND NEW YORK

Is Carried Exclusively by this Line.

On and after March 21st, 1870,

Through Passenger Trains will Leave Atlanta

8:15 A. M.--7:00 P. M.

Making close connection at Kingston for

Rome, Selma, Meridian and New Orleans.

At Chattanooga, with the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad for all points

NORTH AND EAST VIA LYNCHBURG.

The Memphis and Charleston, for

Canton, Memphis and New Orleans,

AND POINTS WEST.

The Nashville and Chattanooga, for

Nashville and all Points North, East and West.

Passengers have choice of

TWENTY-SIX DIFFERENT ROUTES

FROM

Atlanta to New York.

PULLMAN'S TRAVELING PALACES

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

The Best Eating Houses in the Country.

NO MIDNIGHT CHANGES.

Finely Finished Cars well Heated and Ventilated.

QUICK TIME AND SURE CONNECTIONS.

Tickets for sale at all Ticket Offices for all Points Reached by this Line.

FARE SAME AS BY OTHER ROUTES.

Baggage Checked Through

☞ We do not advertise our Conductors. Their deportment and attention do that.

B. W. WRENN, Gen. Ticket Agent.
A. L. HARRIS, Master Transportation.
FOSTER BLODGETT, Superintendent.
nov28-d3m

THE

GREAT SOUTHERN

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

To Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

BETWEEN

West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

ON

All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta

BY THIS ROUTE.

Splendid Line of Steamships

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every facility and convenience to Passengers, with fine Cabin Accommodations, Excellent Table, Polite Stewards and Officers, Speed and Comfort.

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at

Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

J. A. ROBINSON,

General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
april3-dtf

OCB TRADE MARK

OLD CAROLINA BITTERS.

A DELIGHTFUL TONIC

We take great pleasure in offering the

Old Carolina Bitters

to the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopeia. As evidence of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them in their practice.

THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS

Will be found invaluable for

Want of Appetite,
General Debility,
Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.

We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.

For sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. Principal Depot, GOODRICH, WINEMAN & CO., Importers of Choice Drugs and Chemicals, Charleston, S. C.

jan15-dly

HENRY BANKS. HENRY BANKS, JR.

Henry Banks & Son,

DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER,

SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS,

LASTS, PEGS, CALF-SKINS, ETC.,

No. 6, Cherokee Block,

PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

jan8 d6m

VULCAN WORKS,

Chattanooga, Tenn.

S. B. LOWE,

GENERAL PARTNER,

ARE now prepared to offer to Merchants, at reduced rates, a full assortment of

COMMON BAR IRON,
TIRE,
ROUNDS,
SQUARES,
HORSE SHOE,
BAND,
HOOP,
PLOW PLATE, etc.

ALSO—

To RAILROAD COMPANIES, a superior quality of IRON, manufactured from Tennessee Charcoal Pig and Bloom,

HAMMERED CAR AXLES,
DRIVING AXLES,
BRIDGE BOLTS,
Freight and Passenger Car Irons, complete,
PISTON RODS,
SHAFTING.

—ALSO—

All sizes FLAT, ROUNDS and SQUARES.

Address S. B. LOWE
apr15-dly Chattanooga, Tenn.

TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

Cures diseases of the Liver and Stomach

Tutt's Expectorant,

A pleasant cure for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Tutt's Sarsparilla and Queen's Delight

The great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

Tutt's Improved Hair Dye,

Warranted the best dye in use.

These valuable preparations are for sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. jan30-dly

MARBLEIZED

SLATE MANTELS,

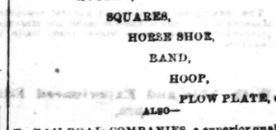
RICH AND ELEGANT DESIGNS.

More durable and at half the price of Marble.

Carefully packed and shipped to any part of the country. Send for circulars.

T. B. STEWART & CO.,
625 Sixth Ave., New York.
feb1-d3m

WM. WOOD & CO.,



UNDERTAKERS AND UPHOLSTERS, keep on hand all qualities of Fisk's Metallic Burial Cases; also, all kinds of Wood Coffins. Will attend to Funerals at any hour, with a beautiful fine class Hearse furnished or for hire. Carriages will be furnished. All kinds of Upholstery work done. Furniture repaired, varnished, etc.

☞ Office—Broad street, near the Post-office. All Orders will be promptly attended to.

apr16-dly

MARVIN'S PATENT

Alum and Dry Plaster

Fire and Burglar

SAFES.

Will last a number of times, until the contents, or less their fire-proof qualities by age.

Also, sole Agents for the Celebrated

ALUM AND DRY PLASTER!

Please send for an Illustrated Catalogue.

MARVIN & CO.,

No. 265 Broadway, N. Y.
No. 721 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

M. E. JONES & CO.,

Practical Slaters,

Atlanta, - - - Georgia.

POST-OFFICE BOX 99.

SLATE ROOFS put up in any part of the South with utmost dispatch. All work done at this office will receive prompt attention.

All work warranted.

Also, Agents for Georgia Slate. oct31-d3m

CONFECTIONERIES!

Strictly Pure!

F. M. JACK,

MANUFACTURER OF

CANDIES,

WHOLESALE PRICE 20 CENTS per POUND.

Crackers,

WHOLESALE PRICE 7 CENTS per POUND.

Corner Whitehall and Alabama Streets, Atlanta, Ga.
jan30-d6m

BERGER & BUTTS'

EXCELSIOR SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

WE now offer this Standard Fertilizer to the Planters of Georgia, and as a guarantee of its great value, we need only say, that we hold certificates of Dr. R. J. Massey, Inspector of Fulton County, and Professor A. Means, at Savannah, with analysis of G. H. Williams, Analitical Chemist, Savannah, Ga. Apart from these, we hold many certificates from planters of Georgia, endorsing this article as giving the very best results.

Cash Price $70 Per Ton of 2,000 Pounds. Time Price $75 Per Ton of 2,000 Pounds.

GLENN & WRIGHT.

Baugh's Dissolved Bone.

WE are in large supply of this popular article, and offer it, as in the past, on most favorable terms. To our people, this is no New Fertilizer, and therefore, needs no eulogy or Certificates.

Price $70 Per Ton, Cash.

GLENN & WRIGHT.

feb2-dtf

FOR NEW YORK,

Via Charleston

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT LINE

The Great Southern Freight and Passenger Line,

VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.

Rates Guaranteed as low as by any Competing Route.

THE SHORTEST SEA LINE NORTH AND EAST.

MARINE INSURANCE, HALF PER CENT.

The Old Established Tri-Weekly Route.

The Superior Ocean Side-Wheel Steamships

ON TUESDAYS.

CHARLESTON, 1,200 Tons, - - - - JAMES BERRY, Commander.
JAMES ADGER, 1,200 Tons, - - - - T. J. LOCKWOOD, "
JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, Adger's Wharf, Charleston, S. C.

ON THURSDAYS.

TENNESSEE, 1,650 Tons, - - - - O. CHICHESTER, Commander.
SOUTH CAROLINA, 1,650 Tons, - - - - SIM ADKINS, "
WAGNER, HUGER & CO., or
WM. A. COURTENAY, Union Wharves, Charleston, S. C.

ON SATURDAYS.

MANHATTAN, 1,200 Tons, - - - - - M. S. WOODHULL, Commander.
CHAMPION, 1,500 Tons, - - - - - E. W. LOCKWOOD, "
JAS. ADGER & CO., Agents, Adger's Wharf, Charleston, S. C.

These Steamships are First Class in every respect, and all under the command of men of many years' experience on the Atlantic Coast, and in speed, comfort and elegance of accommodations are unrivalled by any Steamers from the South. Their tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the New York and Charleston Markets.

THROUGH PASSAGE TICKETS AND BILLS OF LADING!

May be obtained at all of the Railroad Ticket and Freight Offices in connection with this favorite route, in South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi.

PRICE OF PASSAGE.

Atlanta via Charleston to New York, $27 50,

Including Meals and Stateroom on board of Steamers, and transfer in Charleston.

☞ Merchants entering their Spring Goods, will find an important saving of time by directing them shipped via Charleston, S. C.

☞ Stateroom may be secured in advance without extra charge, by addressing the Agents of either Steamship Line, at Charleston.

R. D. HASELL, General Agent
Of the Great Southern Freight Line, 40 and 42 Broadway, N. Y.

HENRY R. MORGAN & CO., Agents
Of Steamship Lines, 26 Broadway N. Y.

JOHN H. KING,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

Atlanta, Georgia.

Fourth Street, between Cyrus House and Railroad. jan16-d3m

ROOFING SLATE.

WE are now prepared to furnish the Virginia Roofing Slate, of any size desired, at short notice, and at the Quarries of the Western Slate Company, Pittsylvania County, Virginia. Parties desiring to put on Slate can be furnished at our office.

GLENN & WRIGHT,
Agents for Georgia.

WANDO

MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

JOHN B. DUKES, PRESIDENT.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. AIKEN, REV. JAMES P. BOYCE,
GEO. E. GIBBON, L. D. MOWRY, F. J. PELZER.

Thomas D. Dotterer, Superintendent.

Factory East End Hasel Street—Mines on Ashley River.

Wando Fertilizer,

Recommended by Agricultural Chemists, as a Special Manure for

COTTON, CORN, WHEAT AND OTHER GRAIN

GROUND ASHLEY RIVER BONE PHOSPHATE,

PHOSPHATE ROCK

FOR SALE BY WILLIAM C. DUKES & CO., GENERAL AGENTS,

No. 1 South Atlantic Wharf, Charleston, S. C.

feb5-d3m W. H. FISHER, Agent,
At McDaniel, Strong & Co., Atlanta, Ga.

THE WILLINGHAM FERTILIZER

FOR

COTTON, CORN

WHEAT,

THIS STANDARD MANURE, named after a well known practical Planter of South Carolina, combines in a concentrated form all the fertilizing elements necessary for production of COTTON, CORN and WHEAT, and by its use is certain to increase not only but to improve the quality of the products. It is made with a special view to the soils of the South, and can be relied upon as to excellence of material, containing all necessary substances, the great cost of which have heretofore precluded their being used. It can be depended on as uniform, always reliable, and productive of good crops.

ALBANY, GA., ——

Having a full knowledge of the composition and process of manufacture of the Cotton, Corn, Wheat and Rice Fertilizer, "I have no hesitation in pronouncing it a reliable fertilizer, one of the best in use, and most particularly adapted to the soil of South Carolina. THOMAS H. WILLINGHAM

Price per ton, 2000 lbs. Price per ton, 2000 lbs. 1st, on approved city acceptance

B. L. WILLINGHAM

General Supervising Agents for South Carolina, Georgia & Alabama

PHILLIPS & MYERS,

Manufacturers and General Agents, Savannah, Ga.

W. M. & R. J. LOWRY, AGENTS,

nov20—d6.n Atlanta, Ga.

CIGARS! CIGARS! CIGARS! CIGARS!

MEADOR & BROTHERS

Cigar Manufactory, is now prepared to offer to Customers,

AND TO DEALERS IN GENERAL—WHOLESALE

The Following Schedule of Brands:

PUROS Regalia Finas,
" Londres de Regalo,
" Conchas Finas,
" Operas,
Consuelo Regalia Finas, La Cremas Regalia Finas,
Gate City Londres de Regalo, Bouquet Londres de Regalo,
City Puff Conchas Finas, Bouquet Conchas Finas,
Empire State Londres, La Marcella Londres,

With becoming modesty, we place before the public, the finest Cigars made this side of DE ABAJO, known as our CONQUEST BRAND, which comprises the following Vitolas:

IMPERIALS, IN BOXES OF 50.

CONCHITAS, IN BOXES OF 100.

TRABUCOS, IN BOXES OF 50.

AND THE FOLLOWING LIST OF STAPLE BRANDS:

Legal Tender Imperiales, La Dulzura Trabucos,
El Trovador Imperiales, El Tvarador Regalias,
Flower of the South, Fine Regalia, Londres and Conchas,
El Amado, Fine Regalias, Londres and Conchas,

PARTAGAS,

Upmann, Millar; Intrepidos, Millar; La Quinta Esencia, Londres in boxes of 100 each; El Martinez, La Prieta; La Opinion; the Rosie Brand; Yara, the only Principe Cigar of 100 Cigars. The standing Brand, La Prairana, known as our M. B mark, consisting of Conchas, etc.

MEADOR & BROTHERS,

Tobacco Commission Merchants, Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.
jan16-d3m

JOHN STEPHENS, Late with Glenn, Wright & Carr. JOHN H. FLYNN, Atlanta. LOUIS [illegible]

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants

IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS,

Agents for the Sale of

LIME, GUANO, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER & [illegible]

Forsyth Street—Near the Capitol—Atlanta, Ga.

HAVE NOW IN STORE, ON CONSIGNMENT:

100 barrels Pink-Eye Potatoes,	50 barrels Old Rye Whisky,
100 barrels Kinnett Potatoes,	50 barrels Pure Corn Whisky,
50 barrels Early Goodrich Potatoes,	10 barrels Virginia Apple Brandy,
5,000 bushels White Corn,	25 bags Rio Coffee,
5,000 bushels Oats (arriving.)	50 bales Cotton Yarns,
200 barrels Choice Flour (in wood,)	100,000 bales Timothy Hay (arriving)
200 barrels Flour (in sacks,	100 barrels Hydraulic Cement,
10,000 pounds Bacon,	25 tons Virginia Land Plaster,

Agents for the Sale of Howard Line

Our Consignments Come Direct from Producers and Manufacturers.

And will be sold low, as our instructions are to sell promptly. Dealers will find it to their interest to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we are prepared to receive and sell COTTON ON COMMISSION, and solicit a share of the same.

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.

For Rent,

A number of fine Stores in the range of the Granite Block, on Marietta street. Possession given immediately. For terms, etc., apply to

D. C. O'KEEFE.
feb5-dtf

We are receiving large lots of Flour, Meal, Bacon, Lard, Hay, Oats, Corn, Sugar, Coffee, Syrup, Molasses, Rice, Sugar House Syrup, Tobacco, Cigars, Whisky, Brandy, Wine, Gin, Ale, Beer, Cheese, Crackers, Candies, Nuts, Fruits, Canned Goods, Pickles, Sauces, Starch, Soap, Candles, Matches, Brooms, Buckets, Tubs, Churns, Washboards, Clothes Pins, Clothes Lines, Baskets, Carpet Sweepers, Mats, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Stair Rods, Carpets, Shoes, Boots, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Collars, Saddle Trees, Horse Blankets, Horse Brushes, Curry Combs, Horse Collars, Axes, Hoes, Rakes, Shovels, Spades, Forks, Plows, Cultivators, Harrows, Wagons, Buggies, Carts, Drays, Wheelbarrows, Grain Cradles, Scythes, Sickles, Grindstones, Iron, Steel, Nails, Horse Shoes, Horse Shoe Nails, Anvils, Vises, Bellows, Sledges, Hammers, Tongs, Files, Rasps, Augers, Bits, Planes, Saws, Chisels, Gimlets, Screws, Hinges, Locks, Latches, Bolts, Knobs, Pulleys, Chains, Rope, Twine, Powder, Shot, Lead, Caps, Fishing Tackle, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery, Tinware, Stoves, Grates, Fenders, Fire Irons, Lamps, Chimneys, Wicks, Oils, Paints, Glass, Putty, Varnish, Brushes, Window Shades, Fixtures, Cornices, Curtains, Curtain Poles, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Picture Frames, Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Plated Ware, Britannia Ware, Wooden Ware, Willow Ware, Stone Ware, Glassware, Crockery, Chinaware, Bar Fixtures, Counters, Shelving, Show Cases, Desks, Tables, Chairs, Settees, Sofas, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Mattresses, Bedding, Feathers, Pillows, Pillow Cases, Sheets, Blankets, Counterpanes, Quilts, Towels, Napkins, Table Cloths, Oil Cloths, Linens, Cottons, Woolens, Ginghams, Calicos, Prints, Muslins, Jeans, Cassimeres, Flannels, Linseys, Shirtings, Sheetings, Drillings, Ticks, Checks, Stripes, Laces, Embroideries, Trimmings, Buttons, Pins, Needles, Thread, Tapes, Ribbons, Hosiery, Gloves, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Ties, Scarfs, Collars, Bosoms, Cuffs, Dress Goods, Cloaks, Shawls, Skirts, Hoops, Bonnets, Hats, Caps, Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, Millinery Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions, Perfumery, Soaps, Combs, Brushes, Hair Oils, Pomades, Toilet Articles, Medicines, Drugs, Chemicals, Dyestuffs, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Glass, Putty, Window Shades, Fixtures, Cornices, Curtains, Curtain Poles, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Picture Frames, Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Plated Ware, Britannia Ware, Wooden Ware, Willow Ware, Stone Ware, Glassware, Crockery, Chinaware, Bar Fixtures, Counters, Shelving, Show Cases, Desks, Tables, Chairs, Settees, Sofas, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Mattresses, Bedding, Feathers, Pillows, Pillow Cases, Sheets, Blankets, Counterpanes, Quilts, Towels, Napkins, Table Cloths, Oil Cloths, Linens, Cottons, Woolens, Ginghams, Calicos, Prints, Muslins, Jeans, Cassimeres, Flannels, Linseys, Shirtings, Sheetings, Drillings, Ticks, Checks, Stripes, Laces, Embroideries, Trimmings, Buttons, Pins, Needles, Thread, Tapes, Ribbons, Hosiery, Gloves, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Ties, Scarfs, Collars, Bosoms, Cuffs, Dress Goods, Cloaks, Shawls, Skirts, Hoops, Bonnets, Hats, Caps, Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, Millinery Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions, Perfumery, Soaps, Combs, Brushes, Hair Oils, Pomades, Toilet Articles, Medicines, Drugs, Chemicals, Dyestuffs, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Glass, Putty, Window Shades, Fixtures, Cornices, Curtains, Curtain Poles, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Picture Frames, Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Plated Ware, Britannia Ware, Wooden Ware, Willow Ware, Stone Ware, Glassware, Crockery, Chinaware, Bar Fixtures, Counters, Shelving, Show Cases, Desks, Tables, Chairs, Settees, Sofas, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Mattresses, Bedding, Feathers, Pillows, Pillow Cases, Sheets, Blankets, Counterpanes, Quilts, Towels, Napkins, Table Cloths, Oil Cloths, Linens, Cottons, Woolens, Ginghams, Calicos, Prints, Muslins, Jeans, Cassimeres, Flannels, Linseys, Shirtings, Sheetings, Drillings, Ticks, Checks, Stripes, Laces, Embroideries, Trimmings, Buttons, Pins, Needles, Thread, Tapes, Ribbons, Hosiery, Gloves, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Ties, Scarfs, Collars, Bosoms, Cuffs, Dress Goods, Cloaks, Shawls, Skirts, Hoops, Bonnets, Hats, Caps, Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, Millinery Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions, Perfumery, Soaps, Combs, Brushes, Hair Oils, Pomades, Toilet Articles, Medicines, Drugs, Chemicals, Dyestuffs, Paints, Oils, Varnish,